SCRANTON CITY COUNCIL 1 PUBLIC HEARING 2 3 4 IN RE: FILE OF THE COUNCIL NO. 126, 2015 -5 APPROPRIATING FUNDS FOR THE EXPENSES OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT FOR THE PERIOD COMMENCING ON THE FIRST DAY 6 7 OF JANUARY, 2016 TO AND INCLUDING DECEMBER 31, 2016 BY THE ADOPTION OF THE GENERAL CITY OPERATING BUDGET FOR 8 9 THE YEAR 2016. 10 11 12 **HELD:** 13 Thursday, November 19, 2015 14 15 16 LOCATION: 17 Council Chambers Scranton City Hall 18 19 340 North Washington Avenue Scranton, Pennsylvania 20 21 22 23 24

CATHENE S. NARDOZZI, RPR - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

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CITY OF SCRANTON COUNCIL: ROBERT MCGOFF, PRESIDENT (Not present) PATRICK ROGAN, VICE-PRESIDENT WAYNE EVANS JOSEPH WECHSLER WILLIAM GAUGHAN LORI REED, CITY CLERK JAMIE MARCIANO, ASSISTANT CITY CLERK AMIL MINORA, SOLICITOR

MR. ROGAN: I'd like to call this 1 2 public hearing to order. Roll call, please. 3 MS. MARCIANO: Mr. Wechsler. 4 MR. WECHSLER: Here. MS. MARCIANO: Mr. Rogan. 5 MR. ROGAN: Here. 6 MS. MARCIANO: Mr. Evans. 7 8 MR. EVANS: Here. 9 MS. MARCIANO: Mr. Gaughan. MR. GAUGHAN: Here. 10 11 MS. MARCIANO: Mr. McGoff. 12 MR. ROGAN: The purpose of said 13 public hearing is to hear testimony and 14 discuss the following: FILE OF THE COUNCIL NO. 126, 2015 -15 APPROPRIATING FUNDS FOR THE EXPENSES OF THE 16 17 CITY GOVERNMENT FOR THE PERIOD COMMENCING ON 18 THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 2016 TO AND INCLUDING DECEMBER 31, 2016 BY THE ADOPTION 19 OF THE GENERAL CITY OPERATING BUDGET FOR THE 20 21 YEAR 2016. 22 With us tonight is the City's 23 Business Administrator, Dave Bulzoni. 24 would like to turn it over to you to open up 25 and then we will follow with commentary from

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council and then the public participation portion of the meeting.

MR. BULZONI: Thank you, Vice President Rogan. I'd just like to open with just some brief comments, and I'm not going to belabor the point because as you're aware I spent a lot of time narratives to provide you with as much information as possible to be able to absorb the various components of the budget, but what the budget is trying to achieve, and I think overall what the city is trying to achieve is create fiscal stability and a more manageable allocation of the revenues and expenditures, and to do so to try and avoid what has been a practice periodically of double digit tax increases which, you know, certainly can have a very punitive nature, especially when people are trying to absorb those increases in their personal budgets.

Compression of real estate taxes continues to be a focal point in the 2016 budge. Certainly going forward, this is not anything that's new to you. Certainly a lot of this was identified in the plan that was

developed by HJ Strategies, but to emphasize 2016 is really going to be a watershed year for the city. A lot of initiatives have to come together with the city in order to make this process much more manageable on a go forward basis.

The city is going to continue to dedicate real estate taxes for the debt service. That has been received favorably in the financial markets, and certainly given us the bridge -- given us a bridge to be able to discuss some of the financing issues that we have both on a macro and a micro basis. It also takes away some of the discretion and use of that levy, so when you have got dedicated millage for a specific purpose, in this case the debt service, it takes away the discretion of being able to reallocate that, which I think is important when you are looking at the overall construct of the budget.

Continue to look at ways to maximize revenues. It's got to be a much broader based initiative. The city historically has relied on it's primary drivers, both in

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earned income tax and real estate taxes, but it doesn't necessarily work and certainly, again, there is a punitive nature trying to drive the city's budget with just those two components.

Looking at initiatives to try and broaden base, we will be meeting with people that can assist the city with its revenue cycle, which I think is important because that allows us to focus on each one of the revenue items. And even beyond that to look at not only the more effective collection of permits, fees and taxes, but the proper allocation of those. Continue to take a realistic approach to expenditures and certainly recognize what the needs of the city are at present and will be going forward and trying to satisfy those needs on a cost-effective basis.

I think we are all hopeful that the 2016 budget is a bridge to stability. I know budgets, certainly more recent budgets have caused a lot of consternation for everyone and I think, you know, as was indicated by Henry Amoroso, you would like

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to really have a budget process that's more productive and create a more anticipated process relative to the generation of revenues to offset your expenditures.

I think what we are all trying to realize is a more sustainable and certainly more attractive city, and in order to do that we really have to focus on cost effective delivery of the services. Generally, that's why we are here. Our purpose is really to try and deliver services on an optimum basis and in the most cost effective manner as possible. Easy for me to say, certainly very challenging, but there is no question about that, but we'll continue to try and manage costs and use as many well-founded budget principles as possible in order to achieve that goal. Thank you. Questions?

MR. ROGAN: Councilman Wechsler, any questions or comments?

MR. WECHSLER: Yes. Thank you for coming, Mr. Bulzoni. One of the questions I have is the 2015 budget is in the books, do we anticipate or know how much of a

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shortfall from what we anticipated in collecting as late?

MR. BULZONI: We don't. Our cash position is updated pretty much on a day-to-day basis. As I had indicated when the budget was presented, it's a very tight budget. We have not departed from that comment at all. It continues to be very tight. Some revenue items have underperformed, some have performed reasonably well. The real challenge for us is to try and make sure that we make our pension MMOs on a timely basis. That's been somewhat, at least over the last few years, the basis for what the city's structural deficit is. It continues to be a challenge. Right now it seems as though the budget is tracking reasonably well. December is going to be a critical month in terms of the primary revenue drivers, earned income tax and real estate taxes.

So at this point we are optimistic, probably a much better idea as we approach maybe the first or second week of the December.

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MR. WECHSLER: You mentioned the MMO, are we going to make that payment on time this year in December?

MR. BULZONI: Well. it's not a matter of the whether we make the payment on time, it's a matter of the how much of that payment we make on time and that, of course, has been the challenge. Again, the budget appears to be tracking reasonably. had discussions with our recovery coordinator, they have provided some cash flow forecasts that indicate that we may not be able to make the payment in full by year end, I'm not going to dispute that. again, a lot of it is going to really depend on how our primary revenue items track as we go into the first and second week of December, so it's not like I'm trying to pass on the comment, but we are really updating our cash position on a day-to-day basis and that's going to determine how we approach that issue at year end.

MR. WECHSLER: And generally, there is a few additional staff being added, was there specific analysis done on those

additions to see what kind of payback they would bring to us or is more just a need basis of what we need to do daily to get things done.

MR. BULZONI: No, it's actually both. I think when you look at some of the staffing requirements, again, in order to drive more efficiencies I'm sure every department could require additional staffing, but what we really wanted to look at was positions that were value added, what can we derive from those positions either in cost savings or in what those positions can add to the functionality of the city.

So, for example, recycling coordinator and as well the workers' compensation coordinator, those are two positions that I would call value added. So in terms of workers' compensation, we have reporting requirements that cost us about \$25,000 a year, safety requirements that we anticipate would cost us at least \$6,500 to \$7,000 a month. We can do a lot of that inhouse. Now, what you have got to recognize, particularly relative to workers'

compensation we have been considered a pariah by the Commonwealth, not viewed very favorably in the functionality of our program and for a number of reasons that I'm just not going to get into at this point. We really reviewed when our expectations were and how we can really deliver on some of those requirements, so the addition to staff was very well received by the self-insurance division of the Department of the Labor and Industry. And again, just through the savings we could realize on either some third party costs relative to reporting or safety requirements, you know, we think we can cover that salary.

In terms of recycling coordinator, again, the program is not viewed very favorably by the Commonwealth. We don't match very well to our peer cities, number one, and even in a lot of cases are not matching well the smaller municipalities.

One of the biggest problems for us was tracking commercial recycling, and just based on a review of what we can expect through additional time in our 904 grant we

were looking at, just by tracking commercial recycling approximately \$40,000 a year in addition to what we are receiving right now. Now, you know, we discussed that with the recycling coordinator -- or the recycling consultant that we brought in to assist in developing the program, and obviously she is going to be here for a year and a half and then departing.

So, again, the addition to staff very well received by the Commonwealth.

Certainly meets their expectations in trying to create a more functional recycling program but it does result in revenues as well.

The other positions not as much so.

There is a reassignment as it noted from

OECD into Licenses and Permits. You know,

we do know that we really have to try and

improve the effectiveness of the delivery

the services through Licenses and Permits,

the administration has really the determined

that by having a deputy director on staff

that person can manage a lot of the

day-to-day needs of the department.

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The addition to the Department of Information Technology was really just based on what I have commented on before, the fact that what's going to wind up driving the city going forward is technology. I think we see that certainly in public safety, particularly with some of the initiatives that are included in the budget. We just think of it from a practical standpoint, you know, with a city this size we have two IT I mean, it's not sufficient, I know people. there are budgetary constraints, but we really believe that what will continue to improve the city and allow us to deliver the kind of the services that people expect is through improvements in a technology, whether it's through data reporting or whether it's through more effective public safety and in order to meet those expectations we have got to be staffed properly.

MR. WECHSLER: And just one more question, there are a few capital programs in the budget, a few capital programs, and you I spoke about this, but I'd just like to

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bring it out, the impact on the budget of those few improvements, capital improvements?

MR. BULZONI: Well, I think it depends on which ones you are identifying. Probably the most significant one that was incorporated in the budget was the improvement in the fire facilities. Now, we incorporated 1.5 million in there, but that wouldn't be a pure general fund expenditure, and as I noted in some of my comments when I was asked, you know, keep in mind there is a process here. We are in the process now of having a facilities analysis done because right now it's merely just conjecture, so how much would it cost to improve the facilities. We are not really quite sure.

We do know that we've got a lot of deficiencies with the firehouses. So just, for example, you know, the issues with Engine 10 and, you know, the roof problems. We wind up putting in a new boiler, water is leaking in, a new boiler. Luzerne Street the facie comes out, water is coming in on the are where the firemen reside so we k now

we have issues, we're just not quite sure what the cost of those issues are what kind of costs are associated with those issues.

And even beyond that, like, you know, kind of set aside, also, the discussion relative to the former Army reserve facility, you know, we know this facility is out there, we know it may have some value to the city potentially, the question is, again, it's just conjecture on how much does it actually cost. Is it worth the City's while to take possession of it if the costs for improvement are going to be significant. We are not really going to be able to determine that until we know what the costs are.

Let's say we get the facilities' analysis completed and we come up with a cost, at that point it's how do you fund it. Well, it certainly isn't going to be funded on a current year basis out of the general fund, we really can't afford that. The city is likely going to be in a position in the very near future where through the parking monetization process there is going to be a

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stranded debt component that the city is going to have to issue based on whatever Parking Authority debt is satisfied through the concession agreement. If that dollar amount warrants the addition of unused \$1.5 million, because it's what we put in the budget, it would be mor advantageous to do that now because this dollar amount is not going to add enough in debt service on an annual base over a 20 or 25-year period to not warrant it's consideration. Plus, it gives the city an opportunity to be able to add a significant dollar amount in capital expenditures that we couldn't do for the issuance of the debt. I mean, we are not We are not there yet. They are probably very view banks out there even right now that would entertain separately a \$1.5 million general obligation note for capital expenditures. So here's an opportunity for us to try and put something like that together where we can take those costs and or amortize them over a period of I'm not sure at this point whether it's entirely doable, but at least it gives

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us something to work toward. Again, we have got to start off with the analysis and determine what those costs are because we know we have got deficiencies in that system, identify the costs, determine whether we want to move forward and if we do is there a possibility of adding that debt to the stranded debt component of whatever remains from the Parking Authority debt.

So there is quite a bit to that process before we really get to a point where we can say yes, let's go ahead and try and get this done. What's important to remember is that particularly when it comes to the issuance of the debt, the buck kind of stops with you. Council has to approve So I think we recognize that we want to get to a certain point with the parking monetization effort, and that's fine, and we know it's going to result in some stranded debt, we do recognize that, but the final determination that would be made on whether we want to add capital expenditures to that debt is really going to come down to you. But in order to for you, again, to make that

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kind of decision you have got to have information. So this is kind of a way that I think we can get that information to you so that you can really deliberate that process intelligently and kind of understand whether it's something we should do.

MR. WECHSLER: Thank you.

MR. ROGAN: Councilman Evans, any questions or comments?

MR. EVANS: Thank you. Dave, thanks for coming again. On the refuse fees there an increase in the tipping collection in the refuse fee amount collection of approximately \$412,000 over the 2015 projection, and I have been saying for over a year that we have to get aggressive with rental registration ordinance to increase the collection of the refuse fee, it goes hand in hand. Some estimates are high as six to eight hundred thousand dollars in increase if we really were aggressive. in some respects your projections are probably conservative and that's a good thing in my mind, I always prefer conservative numbers versus number that are

higher. So the rationale for that is the increased collection of unknown rentals will lead to the discovery of unpaid and previously unknown refuse fees. So what actions can we expect from the administration that will dramatically increase the rental registration rate allowing for that increase in the refuse collection, because I think they are hand in hand?

MR. BULZONI: The effective delivery, and I'll go back to what I said earlier, the effective delivery of services is critical for the city. We have to do as much as you just indicated to identify whether we are receiving as much in revenue as we should be and, again, through what is mainly just anecdotal evidence at this point, but I think it's probably fairly accurate is that we are probably leaving some on the table because we are not identifying all of the billing units that we should.

A more effective rental registration process could do that, and as you are

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probably aware the Department of Licenses and Permits is working on a request for proposal. That process is going to change what has to accompany that proposal is not the only the creation of the third party inspection but also the identification of those units. That's where the dollars are going to be uncovered. If we are going to require people to pay a certain dollar amount you want to make sure that everyone is paying their fair share and in order for us be able to do that we have to create as much identification in those billing units as we can. So I agree, you are absolutely correct.

MR. EVANS: Yeah, that's what I was getting at because I know that the original RFP's was looking at more on the inspection side of it and I thought it would have to be two separate ones or maybe combined because we are looking at maybe 15 to 20 percent are identified after 20 years and we've got to do better than that, and now the budget very much hinges on us getting it done, so I'm glad to hear that second part of that will

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most likely happen.

On the delinquent refuse side, city council last year in January gave authorization to lien unpaid garbage bills and that didn't actually start until probably the fourth quarter, so sometime in September, August or September, and I know there has been an uptick in some of the collections and a slight increase in what we expect next year to be collected 1.375 I think versus 1.3, but we still have by some accounts \$13 million in delinquent garbage bills and do you feel that we would be better to package those if the numbers don't come in the way we feel they will, somewhat like we do with taxes sometimes, you know, unpaid taxes, or are we gong to just try to see how this plays out as far as the liens are concerned and try to be more aggressive on that front?

MR. BULZONI: Well, I think it's an excellent concept to visit at some point, and again, where you get into the concept is timing. And as you just pointed out, the ability to lien was relatively recent so

ideally you would expect that going into the 2016 budget year the delinquent collection numbers should actually be up. Difficult to forecast that since there really isn't history so, again, 2016 is going to be important in a number of respects, but we should be able to identify a much greater collection effort because of liening.

But, also, when you get to the end of the next fiscal year then at that point you really want to determine whether the liening has reduced the receivable amount and at this point we are not really quite sure what's uncollectible or not. But, again, that's where 2016 is going to be important because we'll actually be able to put together a full calendar year on delinquent collections that are subject to leining.

MR. EVANS: Right.

MR. BULZONI: But it's got to be re revisited i think overall revenues has to revisited at the end of next year.

MR. EVANS: I agree.

MR. BULZONI: And, you know, in

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terms of the structure of the program, in terms of the costs of the program, the forbearance cost that the City assumed will go away at the end of next year, that's \$27,000 a month so I think just with the elimination of the forbearance cost that's adding to the fee the city pays each month I think it's really incumbent upon the city to revisit the entire structure of how that's put together.

I would think if that MR. EVANS: goes away that's the perfect opportunity to look at a reduction in the fee itself, but that's for another day.

MR. BULZONI: Well, but, no it's a good idea because, again, trying to connect the dots you put the pieces together so if you are able to identify the billing units through the rental registration process, in theory you would increase your revenues, in theory.

> MR. EVANS: Exactly.

MR. BULZONI: So if you are increasing your revenues and you're decreasing your costs through the expiration

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of a forbearance agreement that is the opportunity. That's the time you really want to sit down and intelligently discuss it, but it even goes beyond just the discussion of costs, it's the structure of the program.

So, for example, our sister city
Wilkes-Barre uses a hybrid of a per bag
program, is that something we want to take a
look at? I'm not quite sure at this point
in time, but I think we don't want to leave
anything on the table in terms of looking at
the program thoroughly.

MR. EVANS: Yeah, I agree. I don't want to lose that opportunity, if we are getting \$27,000 per month back then we want to make sure that we use that opportunity to change the program and reduce the rate or some exploration thereof.

MR. BULZONI: Agreed.

MR. EVANS: And Licensing and Inspection, the budget call for an undertaking of a review of an active ordinance to better identify those parties eligible for permitting activity, assuming

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that is what just means that is everybody paying what they are supposed to be paying, if they are not why not? So could you comment on that issue or what you expect the results of that issue to be.

MR. BULZONI: I have spoken to the director about it and as you go through the budget document you get a laundry list of fees that are associated with a number of different uses, licenses, permits, so on and so forth. The question you have is that when you look at each one of them how are we monitoring the enforcement of whatever legislation was created for those licenses or those permits? In some cases there is some where year over year there is very little activity. The question is why. some cases the dollar amount associated with any one of those line items doesn't change and the question that I had is why, and maybe it shouldn't change. But, again, if we are leaving anything on the table it's really incumbent upon us to look at what we should be doing. That's all part of broadening that revenue base. The other

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aspect relative to the operation of that department comes down to some predictability. We've got to get a better handle on budgeting numbers, and I think if you look at, you know, how numbers were budgeted this year my number was way off, and we can't afford to have a component of what is very a tight budget underperform by a significant dollar amount. It winds up hurting us at the end of the year, and as Councilmen Wechsler pointed out, we had these discussions on whether we are going to be able to make our MMO. There has got to be a more predictive nature.

And, again, tying everything together that is going to be the responsibility of the deputy director. It should be a responsibility of the business administrator to try and develop a more predictive budget for licenses and permits so we think we will see some improvements through some personnel changes, but again, we have got to have a more predictive budget that comes out of the department.

MR. EVANS: Well, I think we have is

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an evolution, you know, year after year we find ways to add fees to somebody else, to generate some income. There is 12 fees that bring in less than -- anticipated less than \$5,000 each per year. I mean, this is the whole page of fees, I mean, it's ridiculous. I mean, we need to find a way to get rid of half of these, if not more, because if they are not bringing in the money we need to start getting rid of them and telling the business community that, you know, we don't hate you, we actually want to do business with you and encourage business to be here, so I agree that we need to do that study, but I just want that study to be inclusive enough to say what fees can we get rid of or combine or whatever, just not just how could we add more revenue to some of these fees because if they don't make any sense it's time for them to go.

On the PILOTS, there is a small uptake in the PILOT amount, but in the recovery plan it calls for the city or the third party to send a request to all property owners that, you know, are

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designated as a tax exempt, requesting owners of those properties to justify their exempt status for parcel that it's a purely public charity. It's a little bit outside of the budget, but I'm just wondering if you are know if the mayor or the administration is planning to implement that in 2016 as a way to increase the taxable property within the city?

MR. BULZONI: Well, I think as a provision in the recovery plan it's something that really has to get done and, you know, certainly given the scope of the taxes and property in the city I think we really have to take a closer look at that concept within the recovery plan but, also, to try and develop the kind of relationships with some of the nonprofits in the city to find a way that, you know, we can leverage some of that expansion so there is some benefit to the city whether it's a direct monetary value, whether there are certain services that can be provided, I think we have to. You know, the nonprofit footprint in the city is just too large for us not to.

Again, trying to lever some of that development. Keep in kind that some of the growth, a lot of the more significant growth within the city has come through two industry components that to some extent are non-profit in health care and higher education. It certainly provides some benefits to the city, but are we doing enough to maximize what benefits that we receive from the growth of those industries. Probably not at this point.

MR. EVANS: No.

MR. BULZONI: And I think it's certainly something that has to be visited in much more detail in 2016.

MR. EVANS: I think I will be out here, and I don't want to get too far into this, but for years the county had a policy that if a property was purchased by a nonprofit it automatically went from taxable to nontaxable so what we have is a lot of the properties we don't know do they really fit the description of that purely public charity that they were purchased maybe for a future project five, ten or 15 years down

the road it might be a vacant lot, it might be a property with a house on it, nothing was done relative to that charity. So I think there is opportunities out there, but also there is an opportunity to, as you mentioned, to talk to the nonprofits and see if we can get some kind of coordination with the county to help us in other ways as well.

Councilman Wechsler talked about the facilities improvements, the settlement award 27.60 is the amount that's targeted on the award. Can you give us a break down, or do we know what the breakdown at this point, what is principal and what is interest?

MR. BULZONI: We do, and as when Mr. Lockwood had inquired of Solicitor Shrive relative to the award settlement the response he had gotten was hopeful and that was really about it. The difficulty I have expanding on upon it is that there has been some detailed discussion, I would still consider those discussions ongoing negotiations. It's hard to shed too much light on it. I did try and provide counsel with some information on what the city was

looking at in terms of it's proposal, but in order to -- you know, we have to have some conclusion in order for me to be able to disseminate the type of information that I think you need.

MR. EVANS: I know when there is an award or when this is finally settled I know Labor and Industry has to take a look at it and they have to approve it as well, does city council have an opportunity to review any and all, because will there be enacting legislation I guess is what I'm getting at.

MR. BULZONI: Again, it goes back to what I said before on the 1.5 million, if it's going to be achieved through the issuance of the debt it's got to go through you, so -- but, I think even before it got to that point where we are looking at any kind of debt issuance in order to be able to satisfy that I think, you know, council has to be brought to the table because the last thing you want to do is get to the point where you are looking to trigger the issuance of the debt and then it gets to council and council decide, well, you know,

I don't know if I really like the construct of the award. So have not getting to that point yet though where we can really kind of sit down and intelligently discuss what the components are, but hopefully, you know, at some point in the not too distant future we will be able to conclude it.

Again, it's not -- to go back to what was talked about before with the 1.5 million it's not as though 27.6 million is coming out of the general fund.

MR. EVANS: Right. I'm not a very good poker player that's why I have to telegraph in my hand for quite a long time, but I actually feel at the very least the interest that's been paid or allocated for that sum should be put back into the severely distressed pension so I hope that are friends are listening because that's sort of my criteria as far as approving any kind of loan.

The other elephant in the room is, of course, our distressed pensions, and while the monetization of the Sewer Authority is an integral part of the

financial future of the city the lack of progress in the pension reform, the ordinance or lack of makeup of the pension boards themselves makes me pause on super funding the pensions through the monetization. So I guess what I'm asking is, you know, if those reforms aren't done, and if the Pension Boards aren't reformed and the state doesn't accept our pensions because it's so severely distressed they don't want them, are there other options besides super funding the pension if there isn't monetization of the Sewer Authority?

MR. BULZONI: Yes.

MR. EVANS: Okay. All right. We'll leave it at that.

MR. BULZONI: Again, sensitive nature involves a third party that's really driving this process, I'm not going to speak on their behalf, I'm not really even going to comment at length on the administration's behalf, but I think certainly everyone recognizes the validity of your comments.

MR. EVANS: Okay. That's all I have for now. Thanks.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you. Councilmen Gaughan, any comments or questions?

MR. GAUGHAN: Yes. Thank you.

First of all, Mr. Bulzoni, I appreciate you coming in tonight. I know this is your final year as a business administrator and I just want to say that I thank you for your service to the city. I know, I think I speak for all of my colleagues when I say that any time we have had a question you have been there to answer it open and honestly and we really appreciate that so thank you.

My first question concerns the award, the \$27 million to satisfy the judgment. Do you feel confident that we will be able to get that financing this year?

MR. BULZONI: I do if we get to that point. We have worked pretty closely with IFS securities, and as was noted I was actually in New York meeting with one of the investor groups. The firm has lined up the investors that would purchase the debt.

Again, the city being in the situation it is

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in right now, non-rated, non-insured debt so for us it was critical to try and figure out a structure that would be advantageous for the city that would not exceed the 6 percent interest that we are already paying on the award, and I think we have gotten to that The transaction could probably be point. triggered at any time but, again, there has got to be -- I think in terms of what the city is expecting there has got to be some satisfaction in what the city's objectives are and obviously, you know, you have got another party as well that would have to agree to it, but the answer to that would be yes.

MR. GAUGHAN: And I'm not sure if you can answer this, but has there been any conversations with the unions that you can tell us about in regards to at least forgiving the interest on the award?

MR. BULZONI: What I will say is that we have had quite a few conversations, quite a few discussions on what were position of the city or the position of the administration is relative to the

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satisfaction of the award.

MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you. It's been touched upon tonight, and I think it's important, but can you just give us an update on our efforts to attain a credit rating and how close we are to that to being in a better light with the financial community?

MR. BULZONI: Well, problematic. Challenging. There is absolutely no question about it. You know, you don't go through a high profile default, and particularly relative to the timing. to 2008, 2009, lending and money was much freer in terms of municipal government. After that with lot of the changes in regulatory environment, the approach that was been taken by the financial interest had changed relative to lending to any municipality, so the default came at a bad time, not that there is any good time for a default, but probably the worst time it could possibly happen.

But beyond that, the significance in the city's unfunded pension liability has

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certainly created a red flag or a series of red flags, so we continue to do things that create a bridge to more discussion, so dedicating millage for debt service and actually using what is almost like a lockbox environment, we have a single point paying agent, has really allowed us to engage some of these discussions with not only investors, but also with various financing companies, banks, investment houses, so on So the discussions we have and so forth. had this year certainly are much better than last year. PFM has done a lot of the work to help bridge some of those discussions and done an excellent job, very well respected, they have got a great sphere in order to create those discussions, so do I think we are going to get a debt rating this year? Are we in a position to have a debt rating next year? If the monetization initiatives go accordingly, maybe by the end of next year there's a possibility but, again, that's why 2016 becomes a watershed year. A lot of things have to come together in order for us to be able to improve.

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MR. GAUGHAN: Okay. Thank you. On the issue of monetization, the mayor said recently that we should expect the Sewer Authority monetization around the same time as the parking monetization, do you hold that same view, are we that close to coming to some sort of deal with the Sewer Authority.

MR. BULZONI: Both processes are running concurrently right now. We are not really at the point where I think we could forecast a conclusion. Parking maybe, the end point is a little clearer because of how much time we have invested in it. again, the process has been running concurrently. There has been a lot of discussions with the Sewer Authority. think they recognize the needs of the city, but it also is a separate body and they are going to make determinations that they feel are appropriate for the authority as well as, of course, recognizing the city needs.

So, Councilmen Gaughan, it's a very fluid process, but I guess all I could say to respond is that both are kind of running

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concurrently right now.

MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you. What do you project the tax increases to be for 2017 and 2018? I know it was projected this year to be 6 percent, but we came in at 5.7 so at this time can you give us an update on what the projection might be for next year and the year after?

MR. BULZONI: Well, as I noted when I made a few opening statements, what's going to be critical is the compression of any increases. So maybe it's easier for me to say since I'm departing, but I think what should only be acceptable and hopefully this is going into 2017, our cost of living adjustments, again, keep in mind that, you know, where we don't have the luxury that some of our neighbors have is if you have got an expansion of payrolls in the city that's going to drive increases in your Given the economic earned income tax. environment right now, given the demographics of the city, we are not really seeing much of expansion in payrolls, so we are not seeing expansion in the collection

of earned income taxes. Given the circumstance with the assessed valuation, I'm going to belabor that point, you know, we talked about the fact that the assessed valuation is antiquated, it's been certainly over 40 years. Even the inclusion of new business, unless there is some real significant nature to it is not going to move the needle all that much. Our assessed valuations have been relatively flat.

So it's going to be challenging and that goes by the nature of what I said earlier, try to expand the revenue base as much as you can so that your reliance isn't as much on earned income taxes or your real estate taxes, but I think ultimately that's the goal. I don't think you really want to ever get to the point where you are saying, "We don't have to raise real estate taxes."

I mean, you've got to be realistic about it. You know, recognizing that from 2006 the city borrowed \$45 million to fund operations, that ultimately has to be paid back. You know, what you are doing is creating a voidance. I mean, in order to

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offset what are expenditure items you are borrowing money to balance your budget, so at some point you are going to pay that But realistically, you want to get to back. the points where the adjustments are going to be reasonable, where the residents of the city have the ability to incorporate whatever those adjustments are in their personal budgets. I mean, what's totally deflating is if someone gets hit a double digit real estate tax increase. I mean, just think of it in terms of you are personal budget. If all of a sudden now you've got another \$200 bill that's added to your personal budget or more in a lot of cases, how difficult is it to incorporate that into your personal budget, so I think it's incumbent upon all of us to really try and manage that process as well as we can, create the kind of stability that's going to be necessary, o that it creates a more attractive city and doesn't chase people out because much of the prospect of significant tax increases.

MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you. Earlier

this year the mayor renegotiated the police and fire contracts, and I realize looking over the budget that it does mention some savings in both the police and a fire budget, but can you tell me if you anticipate that the city will get close to the \$1 million in savings --

MR. BULZONI: Well --

MR. GAUGHAN: -- from both police and fire?

MR. BULZONI: -- the term I have used is always a little bit different, I have used impact and not necessarily savings because it's not purely savings driven, there is some revenues associated with it. There are some savings through adjustments, you know, shift adjustments, changes in staffing, there are tangible savings, but there are also obviously increases in terms of dollars generated to fund the pension, employee contributions are close to doubling, so there is a dollar value associated with that as well.

If you are looking at impact, yes, I would agree with that, that those numbers

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are achievable if, again, you are terming it, you're defining it as impact, dollar impact. But as is the case with any contract that's negotiated, there are going to be items that are less favorable so, you know, there are costs that associated with it, that the city believes are very manageable, but we discussed these at the time the contract was presented. So, for example, the inclusion of health care costs where we didn't have them before is going to create some cost for the city down the road. A forecast of those costs appears as they are manageable, certainly within the contractual period. Where those costs go beyond then not entirely sure, but there was some value in order to be able to get the contract renegotiated because of some of the impact it delivered immediately. again, the contract being what it is a lot of provisions remain, so these are certainly provisions that I think we will want to keep an eye on as we go forward plus the other thing, too, is if you going to quantify you really need to look at almost one full

fiscal year in order to come up with a better quantification, we haven't had that entirely. Some of the provisions weren't implemented at the time of execution, we are still actually working on some provisions through the renegotiated contract, but I think when you get a full fiscal year behind you, I think then at that point it's easier to revisit and then quantity a little bit better, if that helps.

MR. GAUGHAN: The civilian enforcement parking program is on track to fall short of its projected savings of \$375,000, do we know why?

MR. BULZONI: Well, and I noted in my narrative that -- and this is basically the approach I take, I try to look at historical values. Now, I recognize that in this case the program was implemented a little later than expected, there were some personnel issues early on where, you know, we didn't have one person on staff for a period of time so, you know, the oversight was reduced.

In addition to that, very early on

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warnings were given and, you know, I have the quantifications of what those warnings were, so could you indicate that I underbudgeted that number? Probably. Is it going to fully hit the 375? I don't know, but I certainly, as noted in the budget narrative, I believe it will very well exceed the amount that was in this budget just based on the amount of activity over the last half year, so it would appear as though the number would be well beyond what I incorporated in the budget but, again, I didn't want to include a number that I wasn't entirely comfortable with because I didn't have the historical data in order to be able to extrapolate that into the 2016 budget.

MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you. In this year's budget we received a SAFER grant in the amount of \$582,000 and we are going to add 14 additional firemen with this grant, do you know if we absorb the salaries and benefits from the first compliment of firemen who were hired under the grant we received a few years ago?

MR. BULZONI: Well, I can speak generally relative to the structure of the program, so once the grant expires those costs are absorbed by the city, so if there were any firemen that were subject to the SAFER grant at the time that are still on salary in the city we are covering their salary and benefits, but as you had noted when you had brought up that comment, at least during the duration of the grant their salaries and benefits are covered.

MR. GAUGHAN: If we don't get the SAFER grant in two years is the plan to lay these 14 firemen off or how does that work?

MR. BULZONI: I'm not aware of a plan that would determine what staffing levels would be at that time, I do know that we have had some issues in maintaining the appropriate staffing levels in the department. What that number should be ultimately I'm not quite sure at this point in time. I do know that the city certainly has to have that discussion as to what staffing levels are acceptable both to the city and also to the unions because there is

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going to be a cost at some point in time that's going to be absorbed directly by the city.

MR. GAUGHAN: Has anything within done to date to address the disability pension problem?

MR. BULZONI: Well, I think in terms of adjustments to the way the pensions are viewed by the various Pension Boards within the city, certainly there is some recognition that the process should improve. What that entails I'm not quite sure at this But, also, part of that discussion is what we are trying to do relative to the creation of the position, the Workers' Comp position in HR. We have identified and, you know, maybe this an unorthodox way of doing it, but we have identified an individual who was formally associated with a TPA, third party administrator, that worked with the city. He is very well versed in these processes, the ideal person for the city to bring on staff. What we believe is that we can better manage that process by having someone internally who really understands

how it should work. I don't think the city has done as diligent a job as it probably should in managing claims, in making sure the claims are processed properly and monitored on an ongoing basis. It's something we really have to do. I think you have got to put all of that together in order to really look at what the city does in order to try and create a more effective process relative to disability pensions.

We don't compare favorably to our peer cities. I mean, there is no question about that. When we had gone through some of the insurance proposal process, and we brought someone in who had some experience with that, they took a look at some of those numbers and, you know, it's shown us where some of our peer cities are at so we have got a long way to go in order to improve the process.

But, again, to get to that point there is costs involved and, you know, certainly we know that it's created a lot of strain on the pension system, so we have to do a much better job in how we approach that

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situation than we have in the past, but we know there is room for improvement because, again, we have seen what some of our peer cities are doing and their processes are and probably have been managed more effectively than ours.

MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you. We are increasing the contingency fund from \$100,000 to \$500,000. Can you just explain that increase?

Salt. You know, we MR. BULZONI: got killed over the winter and, you know, again, and hopefully we won't experience that again, we did try and modify the salt budget up a little bit more just to kind of cover the prospect for additional expenditures, but what it made me realize was that you've got a contingency budget, and that's the purpose for it. You can get into a situation where no matter how liberally you create a budget you can have a circumstance that just blows that budget open so that was part of the rational, but I think it's what drove the process looking at some of the costs associated with winter

weather last year.

MR. GAUGHAN: Okay. I appreciate you again coming in. I would just like to comment that some of the questions that I have here I was hoping that Mayor Courtright would have came and, you know, my comments are similar to last year that I am disappointed, and this is his budget and he should be here to address the council and to defend his budget, but I do appreciate you being here. Thank you.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you, and as noted I would like to thank you as well for coming in, and as my colleagues have mentioned, you have always been very open with us and on behalf of the administration the answers always came in a timely manner. I only have a couple of questions, many of them were already asked and answered. One, and this was reported in the media and also the narratives, could you explain a little bit the extra pay period this year and why the city has to pay that cost?

MR. BULZONI: Well, ironically enough it's just a matter of timing. It

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comes every 11 years. It adds an additional payroll. It just so happens that unfortunately for us it comes this year. From the information I reviewed it appears as though the city at the time had challenged the need to have to make that additional parole and was resolutely defeated across a broad number of fronts so it doesn't make a lot of sense to revisit the challenge when you know that there is a precedent or has been a precedent to defeat that challenge, especially across the number of fronts, where it was challenged and where it was decided. So, unfortunately, for better or worse we are kind of stuck with it.

MR. ROGAN: And next year those pay raises or extra pay periods wouldn't have to be carried over right?

MR. BULZONI: Well, that's a good question and that was actually a question that I had and, you know, we will certainly kind of respond to you on that. Most definitely with non-union employees, and that's something I certainly am waiting for

a response on as well, how does that effect 1 the unionized base? 2 3 MR. ROGAN: Right. MR. BULZONI: Does this add to 4 5 whatever the payroll is in 2017 or doesn't it in so I don't have a response yet myself, 6 as soon as I get a response I'll pass it 7 8 along to council. 9 MR. ROGAN: Great. That's kind of a 10 tricky situation that technically the 11 salaries are all a little bit higher just 12 because of that extra pay grade. 13 MR. BULZONI: Right. It's not a pay 14 increase. MR. ROGAN: 15 Right. 16 MR. BULZONI: Agreed. 17 MR. ROGAN: The union work was 18 talked about quite a bit tonight, and I know 19 we talked about this in other meetings but 20 just for the sake of the public, how does 21 the parking transaction in reducing that 22 effect the ability for us to receive 23 financing for the court award? 24 MR. BULZONI: Well, I think the --25 we have had a structure of financing for the

Court award lined up already, so the settlement of the parking transaction will that effect it? Possibly not. What would have a much more beneficial effect is the impact of the sewer monetization, you know, because of the value associated with it.

The problem with the parking monetization is it solves a problem for the city, it doesn't create value for the city necessarily, but being able to resolve a problem is always going to be beneficial for the city but I don't think it's going to have a real significant impact to modify the structure on the settlement award, on the financing of such.

Now, it's incumbent upon the city to really try and find a resolution to the parking matter. And, again, this is one of the, you know, the watershed issues in 2016. We can't afford not to do anything. It's virtually impossible at this point. The capital expenditures that are going to be required in that system are significant and, unfortunately, we are not in a position to pay out-of-pocket for what some of those

items appear to be so it's going to be very critical for the city to be able to get that process completed within a reasonable time in the next fiscal year and that's reflected in some of the budget items as well, you know, in having gone through your review I'm sure you noticed, you know, where some of the impact would be and some of the line items with the budget.

But, no, I don't think it would have an impact when one way of the other. It would be certainly somewhat favorable because we have resolved a default situation and, you know, kind of cleared the deck, so to speak, but I don't think it's going to have a meaningful impact on the structure of the award settlement financing.

MR. ROGAN: And my final question, you talked, I believe it was in the opening about the IT Department and, you know, and we have to invest in technology, which I certainly agree with 100 percent was any thought given to possibly outsourcing the entire IT department and have that done privately?

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MR. BULZONI: We really haven't. think to a great extent because of the sensitive nature of what's being done because a lot of what's driving their work is through public safety, so we really haven't looked at what outsourcing of that function would be. Not that it's not worth consideration, but I think because of some of the sensitivity of what they do relative to public safety it might make it more challenging to view a third party and to be able to provide that service. So if there have been any discussions in the past, I'm not aware of them. We certainly haven't had any discussions relative to outsourcing in view of the 2016 budget item.

MR. ROGAN: Okay. Well, thank you very much for answering all of our questions. We certainly appreciate that. Thank you again for coming and we will give you a minute to pack up and then we'll resume with the public participation.

MR. BULZONI: Thank you.

MR. GAUGHAN: I have one additional question, if I may. We obviously know how

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important your position is in the city, do you know if the mayor has a process yet of how he is going to pick your replacement?

There was an

MR. BULZONI:

advertisement that was placed statewide in the Pennsylvania Municipal League Publication, and I know that the administration has had quite a number of discussions on the replacement, you know, certainly we are all very replaceable. don't see, you know, a real challenge in finding in both the administration and council finding someone somebody who is acceptable for the position. I think, you know, from some of the commentary that was provided both by the Pennsylvania Economy League and also throughout the administration, you know, more circled around what's a competitive salary for that position, so that was part of the reason for getting the salary survey, you know, which I passed along to council just so you can see what that position pays. But, no, the process is really advancing. I'm not sure what the timeline is for the completion of

that process and filing the position though.

MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you.

MR. BULZONI: Anyone else? No?

MR. ROGAN: Thank you very much.

MR. BULZONI: Thank you, gentlemen.

MR. ROGAN: We will now go to public comment portion of this hearing. The first speaker is Joan Hodowanitz.

MS. HODOWANITZ: Joan Hodowanitz,
Scranton resident and taxpayer. Where pray
tell is the Honorable Mayor Courtright?

MR. GAUGHAN: We invited him, just as we did last year, but that's all we can do is invite.

MS. HODOWANITZ: You know, I and other people have both publically and privately criticized Mr. Bulzoni for some of his decisions and actions as business administrator, but I have got to say whenever there is a contentious issue relating to the budget or the city's distressed financial statement it seems that he is the poor guy that has to stand out there and field the questions. Whether you agree with him or not he is there. The few

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times I have seen him sitting at this table with the mayor the mayor has always deferred to Mr. Bulzoni or Mr. Amoroso and like you, Mr. Gaughan, I would like to see the mayor take ownership of the budget and all other aspects of the city administration. I don't expect him to have every answer, but what's he afraid of? A wrong answer? At least I give Mr. Bulzoni -- I'm sorry, he had to leave I would have liked to have said it to him while he was here, I give him credit. He has never dodged a bullet. I may not agree with him, but he has been there and he stood up like a man. I think there are a few lessons in leadership that the Honorable Mayor could learn from him.

Now, w with regard to the budget, five minutes isn't enough time to comment on very many items so I just want to make a broad comment about what I expect of my elected officials in terms of fiduciary responsibility. I am retired and I live on a fixed income like many retired people in Scranton, and I know what my fixed costs are. Taxes, fees, insurance, my condo fee,

my cat, she needs litter, she needs food, etcetera, etcetera. Those costs I can anticipate, I can quantify, and I can't dodge them. So I look at my fixed income and I look at those costs and I fence in that money and I will not spend that money no matter what else I want to do. If I want either a restaurant that's too expensive for me, or I want a new dress or whatever I want, everything else other than those fixed costs is discretionary spending. So when that pot of money runs out it runs out.

What I don't understand is why the city cannot identify its fixed costs, and most of them can be I identified, yes, I know the winter and salt, that's a very variable, but in most cases the costs are fixed. Certainly the pension costs are fixed and lock away this money and then whatever is left you can use for discretionary spending. You want \$1.5 million for Fire Department renovations and the Army Reserve Center, have at it if the money is available, but for the third year in a row we are probably going to miss the

end of year MMO and get hit with interest. It shouldn't happen. You should not have a deficit at the end of the year unless you have a really unanticipated expense, which we really don't. Yes, your revenue can fall short, like we had with rental registration and the LST and the commuter tax, you know, they all went poof. That's why you have got to delay the discretionary spending until you see that revenue coming in. You don't spend and then assume that the money is coming in after it.

We need to be very careful as we go into 2016. We don't have many years left before the big receivership is coming our way and it can be coming. We are having our next municipal pension audit starting on January 1. God knows what the State Auditor General is going to say come August about where we stand. I know we have good employees, and the vast majority of them are worth every penny we pay them, but we are not doing the city any favors by spending more money than we have no matter how well deserved we think the project is. Thank

you.

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MR. ROGAN: Thank you. Our next speaker is Ozzie Quinn. Prior to Mr. Quinn speaking, I just want to remind some of those that came in a little bit later that this public participation session is only regarding the budget. The second public participation, the general meeting, will go for all city issues.

Thank you.

MR. GAUGHAN:

MR. QUINN: Ozzie Quinn, Hill Neighborhood Association. Good evening. I'm here tonight, it's November, but I'm here tonight to address the budget in regards to recreation, i.e., free swimming at Nay Aug Park for all children. If not all children, all low income children. know it's November but for the last two years we had to go solicit funds in order for kids who are deprived what other kids are fortunate to get. Basically, it is an economic, it looks like de facto discrimination for low income families and when you keep people out of a pool there is nothing -- no where else that you could look

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at it than they're being discriminated against economically.

Now, I sent a Right-to-Know for how much it costs for the chlorine at Nay Aug Park, no reply. I sent it on the 19th, when I checked today they said it will be coming pretty soon. So, I mean, this isn't the first time. Maybe they're overstaffed up there, maybe they're understaffed up there or there is a lack of transparency, but anyway, what I'm looking at hopefully and it's academically I think that you have to get at least \$25,000 somewhere and lock it into the budget. If you can't get it somewhere from the revenue year, we got to look at OECD which is for low to moderate income as there is eligible costs, UDAG RE-RE funds, that's the one coming back, as you know, and use that or I don't know what else you are going to do, okay? So it's just -- people are just so disturbed up in our neighborhood it's just unbelievable. have that and we also have in regards to the budget we are talking about a resolution tonight, an ordinance, when I saw it last

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week it said published under public notice, registration third party inspections, and I don't know what the new resolution is and I'm not sticking around to find out, but I do know that if LIPS handles it it's going it go down the tubes. This has got to be outsourced. We got to hire a bounty hunter, a third party to go up and get the people who are breaking the law, the ordinance. No matter if they are in California or if they're in New Jersey, and go out and get them and put them there and get them to pay We are losing so much money out of not being able to register the renters -- the absentee landlords it's unbelievable. going on two years now since we walked the Hill neighborhood with the Wayne, chief, and going nowhere with it so you got to do something that somebody is going to go out there and there are agencies out there, there are corporations, firms that will do this, there is no doubt about it. If you need help, we would be glad to help you find them because we don't want another fiasco sending out letters to everybody in the God

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darn city for spending \$4,000 and not knowing who is going no where, okay?

So, you know, as Mr. Bulzoni said it's important, critical, the services to the people, and one of the services is recreation, and we got to look at it and if we don't go out and get the money like we would off our rental registration where we could have enough money to feed off the renters, off the landlords and to the recreation we are not going to be able to get revenue. A lot of things you are talking about tonight is just academic, you know? He is going to be gone. He is going to be gone. He is going to walk away. did my part, but we are going to have to live with what goes on and I've heard it so many times, so many people get up here and say they got the panacea for what's going on and it's not going anywhere. How long are we distressed, PEL, it's just frustrating. The people are just frustrated, and as Ms. Hodowanitz said we are getting near that end and we just keep on putting it off and putting it off with all of these academic

speeches and it's not going anywhere, but thank you. But, please, do something about recreation, please.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you. Doug Miller.

MR. MILLER: Good evening, Council.

Doug Miller, Scranton. Just of, course, in regards to the budget, I kind of just wanted to piggyback some of the things Oz was just talking about with recreation and the swimming pools because not just Ozzie and myself but a lot of other people for years and years it's been our biggest pet peeve is the city's inability to operate the swimming pools throughout this community.

You know, particularly, we have discussed many times the Novembrino Pool over in West Side. We have talked about Capouse which it was only about a year or two ago we actually had funds allocated for the Capouse Avenue pool to do repairs and that money just seems to have just disappeared, as a lot of other things do in this community. And I share Ozzie's frustration because I know his group has worked tirelessly summer after summer

soliciting donations to try and allow children in this community to swim for free.

And not to discredit what that group has done, I have been involved with it, I helped solicit and raise funds with Ozzie and the group in the past, and not to discredit what we have done, but don't you think it's pretty pathetic that it's not to the point where residents in this community have to go out and solicit money because we live in a town that can't manage its assets properly? I mean, it's really just embarrassing that it's got to that point.

And it shouldn't just be for low income children we should be discussing, it's everyone. Everyone in this community should swim for free and the reason why is look at the budgets. We have no problem hammering people with taxes year after year, adding additional burdensome fees. I really hope we listen to, and I believe she is here this evening, the woman who spoke last week because it really opened my eyes to hear what she had to say, and I hope it did you, too, because she is the not the only one.

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It's all across this community people are barely hanging on, they are barely surviving, they are losing their homes, and we haven't done anything to protect them.

They are walking away. They are trying to anyway.

As I said, we have had realtors on this board. Go up and down the neighborhoods and see every other home, "For Sale" sign after "For Sale" sign and we are not doing anything to alleviate that problem. You know, the taxpayers just keep getting the bad end of this year after year, and to have the audacity to even entertain the thought or to even have conversation to discuss pay raises, I know some of it has to do with the additional pay period in this fiscal year, but the idea to even discuss the ideas of increasing the salary of the business administrator in a time when the city is on the verge of bankruptcy is just ludicrous. We are going to discuss that and at the same time you are going to ask the taxpayers to pay more and you keep going back to the same people over and over again

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who have nothing left to give.

And, you know, it really just frustrates me and I just have a hard time understanding the mindset and the mentality that we have in this community is that there is no innovation, there is no creativity. You know, in 2012 when the city was, once again, on the verge of bankruptcy and we had employees making minimum wage, the previous council spent hours and hours and hours, the entire summer putting a recovery plan together, and there were revenue enhancements implemented in that recovery plan that for the most part the city didn't follow through on because we just have a track record of not following through on anything that we put in play.

But the biggest question I have is when we are going to finally do something to benefit the residents of this community, but most importantly what type of message would we want to send to the future generations of this community to folks like myself, Mr. Gaughan, Mr. Rogan, the younger generation? Is this really the message we

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want to send them, that we have incompetent people running our city, mismanagement allowing borrowing and spending to continue and taxes to continue to raise and force seniors out of their homes who have to decide whether they are going to pay their property taxes or they are going to have a meal on their table at night. Are we going to force, you know, young families to have to continue to work two or three jobs just to get by. Let's also not forget the fact that we have over 80 percent of the children in the Scranton School District on free or reduced lunch. I mean, if these things don't open our eyes I don't know what will. Listen to the stories. Listen to what people have to say. This isn't something that just started yesterday, this has been going on for decades, but when you keep electing the same people who have the same mindset and there is no innovative thinking and there is no -- nobody mentioned coming into this of the interest of people but only special interests, it's hard to really believe that we going to turn this community

around because it's hard for me to have any optimism heading into 2016, and I'm sure I'm not the only one that feels that way.

You know, it's time that we step up, we straighten out, I agree with Mr. Gaughan and Ms. Hodowanitz, Mr. Courtright should have been present here this evening. This is his budget, but more importantly this is the city that he chose to run and he was elected to run and he certainly didn't show any leadership tonight I appreciate Mr. Bulzoni coming forward, but Mr. Courtright should have been present at well. Thank you.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you. Bob Bolus.

MR. BOLUS: Good evening, Council.

Bob Bolus. Let's talk about the budget.

We'll have time to talk about all of the other things in the council meeting after this. What I hear tonight is it's a budget that the city wants to propose, it's a wish list and I didn't hear zero positive how do we make cuts? All I heard in this budget is how we are going to do this, and how we are going to tax people and how we are going to

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try and do this, how we are going to lease out assets? I didn't hear one positive thing how we are going to cut. Not one. Ι didn't her one single thing that said this is a positive approach, we are going to do a forensic audit and once and for all find out where the heck we stand. Basic economics. Remember, when you look at things as a past banker or a banker, you look at things a lot differently. You want to get somebody's money in, the cheapest rate you want to pay on their interest that you want to give them and then you charge a much higher rate to make money. I haven't heard anyone say how we are going to bring in money and revenue into the city. Not one thing. You cannot allow this budget as written to pass. You need to veto it, you need to take the hard core facts, follow the example of the county. They have a money surplus. We went from 70, 80 million to over 30 million and we lost people we people. We lost business. We got empty buildings. We have chased people out of here, what's that tell you? We are doing something radically, radically

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We are punishing people for coming wrong. We are punishing people who live here. here. We are punishing people who have lived in there almost 30, 40 years because we have mismanaged, but we can spend money, you mean to tell me we need Highland Associates to tell us what's wrong with fire department buildings? Let's get realistic. You got zoning officers, you got building inspectors, why aren't we doing all of this internally for the money we are paying people? Those are budget cuts. You are hiring this consultant, that consultant, we have it internally.

I said eliminate the business administrator last week, not getting somebody to help him, eliminate it and let the University of Scranton take over the chores of the business administrator in the city in lieu of taxes. What are we doing about it? That would save you \$90,000.

Just starting adding up the pennies and you get to the dollars. Remember that. If you drop a penny on the ground and you step over it and walk away from it and you have 99 of

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them in your hand you needed that penny to make a dollar. That's what's wrong here in the city. We step over the dollars to get to pennies. We don't pay attention because we know the suckers that live in this city are going to keep coming forward and paying. We got rid of a golf course. That's a pet peeve with me, but it was a money making asset. We took the money from it and what di you do? You blew it. You didn't make anything out of it, you didn't spend the money to do something, you pay for the past stupidity and ignorance and fiscal irresponsible people who didn't know what the heck they were doing here, and we continue to pay and pay for that stupidity and you got to end it and end it now. can't play with this wish list budget, it's got more holes in it than swiss cheese. You got to get realistic. If you want Scranton survive, if you want this town to grow, you don't let a mall that's worth \$25 million get assessed at \$3 million and screw the people who are getting thrown out of their houses for taxes, hiring lawyers, to come in

and charge enormous legal fees, for past taxes, garbage fees. What do you think is going to happen the day you lease the Sewer Authority? All of the old employees go with it and all of that combination or did they change clean broom sweep? They're a business. They are in it to make money. Keep that in mind, you don't have to sell an asset when you lease it. It's as good as a sale, because you took the cash and you blew it, but you are not smart enough, intelligent enough in this community with the people we hire to make it profitable.

The Marcellus shale was the golden goose did they do anything about cleaning the water? No. They sat on their butts.

These are the things that you need to look in a budget. You need to make a budget with cuts. You got to take the hard core approach and you got to make this budget fiscally responsible, not irresponsible and a wish list that we the people in this city will not live with because you are not gaining anything.

Go after the mall, make them pay \$25

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million, make everybody pay. File a lien or a fee on everybody in the city including the University of Scranton and everybody, that goes into our budget. There is 20 some million dollars laying out there in uncollected taxes that covers your pensions.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you, Mr. Bolus.

MR. BOLUS: But pay attention to the word budget what it means and that means cuts from an economic point of view. Thank you.

MR. ROGAN: Ron Ellman.

MR. ELLMAN: Gentlemen. You know, I guarantee you if you people voted to give \$15,000 to the people that swim, the kids that swim, you would get a lot more votes than voting to give it to the mayor and Mr. Bulzoni whether you like it or not. 0ne of the sorriest things that I ever done I wrote this letter to the editor eight, 10 years ago, buy a house in Scranton. course, I've changed my mind, but now I've topped it and that was voting for Mr. Wolf. I just can't imagine what goes on, these people work four hours a day and leave.

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That's why we don't have any budget down there. You know, we need to clean house.

I think some of you thought I was going to say vote for Obama but I wasn't that stupid, I never did that. I noticed, and I'm not against this, but I noticed over here at the closing you used the word "we, we, we" a couple of the times, that means you are going to have to hire someone go along with the people in Florida, and that means a salary, benefits and a pension to me. Is this right? You are going to give \$35,0000, you are going to have to hire someone and then you are going to give the \$35,000 to someone that's -- somebody that's going to buy a house from some poor guy that lost his home and probably end up in Court being sued for the difference sooner or That's what I find at fault with that idea, and I doubt if it will work out anyway.

And one other thing about in the paper here you are talking about the permit parking, it's seems to me that the motoring public should be able to park where they

want to around the University and all of these streets and any house that has a garage in the back or a driveway shouldn't be given a permit.

MR. ROGAN: Mr. Ellman, this hearing is just on the budget. You will have another chance to address parking and other issues later on. This is still the public hearing regarding the budget.

MR. ELLMAN: Well, I didn't know about that, but I could still comment on it.

MR. ROGAN: On the budget.

MR. ELLMAN: You drive a car down around these side streets you'll see out-of-state license plates with those permits. That shouldn't be. You know, a good school, many of the good schools they don't allow freshmen and sophomores to have cars. If this University wants to help out with all of these problems they could do that and alleviate cars up and down the street and they wouldn't need permit parking. Oh, well. I don't know. You know, maybe tomorrow be a better day. Last week Rosy told me to sit in a chair at the

mall not to bother no one, as soon as I sat down this lady I never seen before came over to me and she wasn't even looking at me, it was like a secret. She said, "Did you see that new fire car?"

I said, "No."

She said, "With all of our problems around here, the fire station right next to the fire station is a new red Mercedes that they got for a fire car."

I said, no, I didn't know it, but I said maybe they bought one for the mayor chasing the fire trucks around, which I see no problem myself.

MR. ROGAN: The fire truck did get a new vehicle, it wasn't a Mercedes, it was donated by --

MR. ELLMAN: I thought maybe you could look into the story.

MR. ROGAN: It was donated to the city by Toyota.

MR. ELLMAN: You could get to the bottom of it for her. I didn't get her name or nothing.

MR. ROGAN: It was donated to the

city.

MR. ELLMAN: She was very concerned about the new fire car being a Mercedes she said.

MR. ROGAN: It wasn't a Mercedes.

MR. ELLMAN: Thank you.

MR. ROGAN: Is there anyone else who would like to speak regarding the budget?

MS. SCHUMACHER: Good evening, council. I have two pages of questions, I picked some of them out and then I'll give the rest to you and since I'm sure you are not going to meet next week, pretty sure anyway, hopefully you will have the answers with the next two weeks. The first one is please explain how an advertised property tax increase of 5.7 percent results in a current real estate tax budget for 2016 of 7.1 percent over the 2015. To me, the real estate tax increase for 2016 is 7.1 percent. I don't know what evidence exists for increasing the collection rate of the taxes other than perhaps a fictitious one so that you can keep the millage down or the advertised percent of the increase. What

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was the collection rate for this year, does anybody know?

MR. GAUGHAN: I believe it was 8, 9 percent.

MS. SCHUMACHER: In the budget or in actuality?

MR. GAUGHAN: In actuality.

MS. SCHUMACHER: Thank you. That could do it. Prior to voting for the 2015 budget last year Mr. Wechsler commented, "We already put things into place to be more efficient in collecting our refuse tax, keeping track of who paid."

Perhaps it was a Freudian slip, but
I do agree with Mr. Wechsler, refuse revenue
is a tax not fee. I submitted a
Right-to-Know request to justify the
collections of the budgeted amount which
would justify it as a fee, and I did not get
an answer that proves that this is a fee.
Perhaps we will have to take this to Court
to resolve it, but I certainly hope not.

Does anybody know what is the cost per a lien for delinquent refuse payment and how many have been issued to 2015 to date?

MR. EVANS: I don't know the number, 1 2 but I think everything that was on the list 3 for 2011 through 2013. MR. WECHSLER: I believe it was 4 5 about 2,600. MR. EVANS: Yeah, approximately 6 7 \$2,600. 8 MS. SCHUMACHER: How much is the 9 lien fee --MR. EVANS: I'm not sure. 10 MS. SCHUMACHER: The revenue 11 narrative notes the budget will stabilize 12 13 the retirement plans. The retirement plans 14 are already stable it's just that they are in the tank. At what percent funding will 15 16 the 2016 retirement plans be funded after 17 the monetizations? 18 MR. EVANS: Well, we don't even know 19 if the monetization will happen and if it 20 does happen when the money will go into the 21 pension. 22 MS. SCHUMACHER: And then what will 23 that bring it up to? 24 MR. EVANS: We don't know. We don't 25 know how much it will be and what it will

and if it will even go into the pensions.

MS. SCHUMACHER: Okay. Thank you. The deferral of combining the land and improvement separate millages is yet another nose thumbing of the revised recovery plan and blaming it on reassessment is truly lame. Why has the administration -- what has the administration and council done and why was it included in the revised recovery plan if it is based on an action the county commissioners stated that they have no intention of taking?

MR. EVANS: I don't know.

MR. SCHUMACHER: The budget speaks of transacting future debt, please detail the expense destination of the debt and the anticipated amount for each. Failure to reduce the mercantile and business privilege tax is another nose thumbing of the revised recovery plan and a huge blow to economic development in the city. Is there any plan to revisit that for 2016? I didn't see anything to that effect in the budget.

MR. EVANS: That study is ongoing. Absolutely.

MS. SCHUMACHER: Please provide the net cost savings of the civilian parking enforcement and quality of life programs in terms of revenue received and burdened employee cost, vehicles, etcetera.

Why are the 2015 interest payments at 6 cents? We have a \$2.2 million loan for paving sitting in the bank waiting for next spring to arrive, are we not getting interest on that \$2.2 million?

Why the slashing of the parking meter revenue by more than a 50 percent for next year?

MR. EVANS: The anticipation in that is if there is a monetization of the Parking Authority that revenue goes to the operator. So if it happens it's some time during the course of the year that that revenue could go to whoever takes over the Parking Authority.

MS. SCHUMACHER: That sure makes monetization a lot of sense.

MR. EVANS: Yeah. Well, I will provide Jamie with the whole list.

MR. EVANS: Thank you.

MR. ROGAN: Is there is anyone else who would like to speak regarding the budget specifically?

MS. HYME: Maude Hyme, South Side.

I'm here again about this budget. I want to know how we could give raises to the business administrator and the mayor when we don't have any money to spare, how does that happen? Where did we get this money?

MR. ROGAN: I could speak to the mayor, the race for the mayor was approved by the previous council, I believe it was about three years ago when. It was a three-part raise.

MS. HYME: It was a three-part raise?

MR. ROGAN: It was. Instead of bringing it to the full salary right in year one it was three parts. By the Home Rule Charter the mayor or city council's salary can only be increased in an election year when the mayor is up and three members of city council, so that's how that was approved. I don't agree with it. I voted against it personally.

1 MS. HYME: And what about the business administrator? 2 3 MR. ROGAN: That's been funded 4 hopefully through --5 MS. HYME: That's a fairly new job, isn't it? 6 MR. ROGAN: No, there has always 7 8 been a business administrator. 9 MS. HYME: There has always been 10 one? 11 MR. ROGAN: Oh, yes. The reasoning 12 for that increase is because our business administrator is leaving to try and find a 13 14 qualified candidate. So that's actually not a raise for a particular person within the 15 16 city, so Mr. Bolus will not be receiving the 17 raise because he is leaving at the end of 18 the year. MS. HYME: I don't think it should 19 20 be so hard to find a person, a business 21 administrator. I mean, there is plenty of 22 people that would be glad to have the money 23 he is getting. 24 MR. ROGAN: It's been a difficult. 25 MS. HYME: I don't see that at all.

I think that could be eliminated, but who am I, you know? The Army Reserve, they want to buy the Army Reserve, the one up in the hill section there?

MR. GAUGHAN: Yes, the administration wants to acquire that property.

MS. HYME: For what reason?

MR. GAUGHAN: I believe the mayor said that he wants to put the police training division up there, use it for storage.

MS. HYME: There is no room down here in South Side to train them? There is no room down here in South Side to train them? I mean, come on. We don't have the money for that kind of thing. We don't need the Army Reserve. I think that could be taken out of the budget. I think you need to look at where you can cut some of the fat off this budget. Oh, there are only two things, you know, but I'm sure there is more. I'd like to see a cut down to where it should be, to something that we can afford that we don't have take a loan out to

pay because we have enough payments. You know, see what you can do, guys. Thank you.

MR. WECHSLER: In regards to the Army Reserve Center, in regards to the Army Reserve Center?

MS. HYME: Yeah.

MR. WECHSLER: That is a program that they are exploring and when they came before council the intention was to get a state grant to purchase that facility.

MS. HYME: I see.

MR. WECHSLER: We approved the application for the state grant, we also provided a method for city council to either accept that grant or not accept that grant, so the actual purchase of the Army Reserve Center is actually not in the budget.

MR. WECHSLER: They are going to study of all of the firehouses in that facility to see if could be used, but it's

It isn't in the budget?

not actually in the budget. It's currently

owned by the Scranton Redevelopment

Authority, that property.

MS. HYME:

MS. HYME: Okay. Is it going to

cost us any money if they get this state grant?

MR. WECHSLER: That's why we reserve the right as a council to either accept the grant, if it's going to cost the city too much money, or if the benefit isn't there then city council will have the right to either accept the grant or not.

MS. HYME: I see.

MR. WECHSLER: That's something -we are not even sure when the grant could be
issued. Sometimes it takes up to two years.

MS. HYME: I'll vote for not accepting it. Thanks.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you. Is there anyone else would like to speak on the budget specifically?

MR. MORGAN: Good evening, Council.

I just have really not very much here
because my personal opinion is the budget's
a fallacy and you are not competent to make
a budget neither is the mayor, but with that
said, considering where the city is if there
is 70,000 people living in the city and we
tax every single one of them, which doesn't

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happen, okay, to come up with \$132 million, just did a fast calculation on the calculator, that's \$1,885. Now, if there is 27,000 homes in the city, and that doesn't include commercial properties, okay, there is \$4,488 on every house, that's what the city would have to -- that's not -- that's just what the city would have to come up with, and my whole point is very simple here, this budget is not realistic, it's not doable. We are sitting here, I read the paper today on the Scranton Times, I don't if any other council members read it, the Senate has got a pension reform bill in front of it, so what is the point of monetization the Sewer Authority or the parking garages if the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is going to take this pension debt, and with that said how can this city come up with a budgets, all right, that are never realistic and pass them and keep driving people further and further into debt? And my point is, it goes to Mr. Evans here, because evidently you're a realtor what do you have to say about the city's

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budget in regards to home property values in the city because I know of a house that recently sold this week, Thursday as a matter of fact, I believe, and it was listed for \$170,000 and it sold for 50 so how can -- what I'm asking this council is how can council, because the council has a right to present it's own budget, and my question to this council today is very simple, I want this council to explain to the residents of this city why there haven't been massive cuts to the budget to alleviate the pain and a suffering that this council and this administration and previous administrations have brought forward, and I'd also like the council because, Mr. Wechsler, you brought up the North Scranton project recently, and I'd like you to explain to the residents of this city how much of that money that went into that project was private funds, because today we are sitting here and we are talking about a budget and we keep bringing the same people forward to suck the life out of them and then you destroy their property values and come up with these make believe budgets

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as if like they are real, and then at the end of the year we find out, well, we are not going to make our minimum contribution to the pension. Well, we are not going to make this payment, well, we'll get that later.

You know, and I'd just like to know how this council, because I did ask each council member last week how much money they made a year because I thought it was really relevant because when you take a look at the income levels, I don't know if anybody on council knows what the average salary is of a Scrantonian, but, I mean, when you look at this budget and you see the mismanagement of this city and we are going into Sewer Authority monetization, too, okay, and still after over 20 years of no solution to the city's -- you call it distressed, I call it worse than that, and I would like to ask this council how it cannot pass a budget and override the mayor because there is five council members here and you have the authority to write your own budget and it's time to stop talking about this is the

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mayor's plan, this is somebody else's plan, this is Amoroso's plan, this is -- I want the council to come up with a plan.

You know, Mr. Evans, you as a realtor brought all of the mayoral candidates and asked them what would they do to save this city, what are the answers, and in those interview processes did you hear anything at all that was credible to you?

MR. EVANS: Some parts, yeah.

MR. MORGAN: Okay. Well, you know what I think? I think with all due respect to you, Mr. Evans and the rest of council, this budget is incredible. We have done all kind of one-time fixes, borrowing, wasted a lot of community development money, have nothing to show for it, keep coming back to the elderly and, you know, let's not even talk about the elderly. Let's talk about the working families who have their children on reduced and free lunch in the Scranton School District. Do you think there is enough poverty in this city or do you think that we should just keep, you know, we'll go to Mr. Amoroso, we'll go to the mayor, but

my question is when do we come to you and say to this council as a whole present your own budget. Go in there, make cuts, align the city's budget with the ability of the residents to pay it and support it. Thank you.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you. Is there anyone else who would like to address the budget? Being that there is no one else. This meeting is adjourned -- oh, sorry.

MR. ST. FLURUR: How are you doing, everyone? I apologize in advance because I'm not much of a public speaker, I'm not even from Scranton, I'm actually from New York and I just moved to Scranton over the summer so that provides me a unique perspective because, you know, there's something called (unintelligible.) When you look at a situation for very long time, you know, it can cause you to become invested in it and so focused in that's hard to see things differently so --

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ ROGAN: I'm sorry, could you state your name for the record?

MR. ST. FLRUR: Oh, Gary St. Flrur,

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sorry about that all so, sorry about that. So about the budget, I came here from New York, I went into technology, was working in technology, went to the New York City, came to city council, perused the budget, I looked at the budget and as many people here already attest the budget is a farce. Ιt is. I mean, I can't put it in any other The budgets have to balance. part of the charter, you know, so Section So I'm pretty confused. I don't understand why the city is following this course of action it's following, all right? I do talk to people on the streets, I canvas, I'm very much invested in the prosperity of the city since I moved here and started a business here, but what drives me to be really perplexed and confused is the fact that is not necessary, like, it doesn't have to be this way. The city doesn't have to rely on high taxation in order to make revenue shortfalls. The city can believe in the future and be optimistic and, you know, put yourself in a situation where people want to come to the city, where

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businesses want to come to the city. have five major highways. Within two hours there is 9 million Americans. There is so many businesses and so much products been created every day that would love to come here and ship it around. Tesla sold 10,000 vehicles in the first quarter, that's 55 percent improvement in the last year. There are roughly 200 million American cars. are going to be driving electric cars in their driveways. They could move here, but no one is going to move here when you have a quarter of billion dollars in debt that are not paying down of the when you have a \$130 million operation budget that can only be accounted for, half of it can be accounted for with your actual revenues, and I am pretty sure that I talked to my friends in New York City, I tell them they can't believe it, like, this is unbelievable. This doesn't have to be this way. And the city council and the government is looking to do something, all right? The people can do something. I mean, this is America. can petition the government. We have social

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We have -- this is 2015, movements have been made through hash tags, okay? Whole uprisings have happened due to hash tags and Twitter so the people are well within their disposal to do what they can do and I just don't think that they know that you can do that. And I think it's my responsibility to tell them that you don't have to put this up with this. This is unacceptable. If you want to have a vibrant future, you can definitely do so. You don't have to sit there and tax people a whole bunch of blighted property, selling off government assets, hoping to recoup it back, it's never going to get recouped back, borrowing and high taxation, high interest rates, just keep the city going to go to bankrupt eventually anyway. I mean, seriously that's the proper course. This is what this budget says it's doing. I mean, it's clear, like, it's not hard or ambiguous to understand. And I'm here to say that it does not have to be this way. I'm not sure, like, I talked to Scrantonians and the first thing they told me when I came here is why

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did I come here, and that really bothered me because, like why wouldn't I want to be here? And then they explained to me that you don't know Scranton, you don't know how it is to be here. It's not like that. Things can't happen. Things don't change, and my question is why, you know? In the past week we have had advances in technology and science that can blow your mind. first person had FDA approved retinal transplants and they can now see. This kind of stuff can be here. You know, there is countless companies that need a place to sell their products, to experiment with products but because of regulation they can't do it. You can easily open the gates to them, you know, and say, "Hey, come from Scranton. You know, we need help, let's try different ideas."

So I might sound crazy, and I'm sure I probably do, again, I'm not from here, I see the situation from a fresh perspective, I'm pretty young and I'm from technology.

From my perspective when we see things that we'll try new ideas, we'd like to change the

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Mark Zuckerberg, a 19-year-old has world. brought a billion people together. A billion people. Can you believe that? 19-year-old in his dorm room created a website that is now worth \$250 billion. This is the world we now live in and what dominates this whole conversation is pensions. I think that it's not so much about the pensions, let's talk about the future instead of the 19 trillion economy that we have, that we have access to if we believe in our people. There is 50,000 students that share this area who leave. Every time I talk to them the first thought is to leave as soon as possible. It doesn't have to be this way. They can stay here and gets jobs. We can have a bold new Scranton, but we are not willing to do. We have to look at the tough decisions that are necessary. It's like your personal finances. If you spend excessively, you know you'll come to a situation where you have no money in your bank account. cannot afford to buy other items and so you cut, you make -- you do a tough thing. A11

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right. Thank you.

MR. DOBRZYN: I'll make it brief. Ι have one concern, major concern with the budget and that is the pensions are insufficiently funded and they are not being addressed, and I think it's time that with the increases we have had you start finding a way to fund the pensions without some of the other issues involved. I'll talk later about those issues, but it just seems like every year no attempt is being paid to deal with the pensions even though the taxes go up year after year. Thank you. Catch you later. Thank you. Oh, Dave Dobrzyn, by the way.

MR. ROGAN: We know who you are. Ιs there anyone else who would like to address the budget?

MR. HIRSH: Good night. I actually found about this meeting last night, I didn't really --

MR. ROGAN: Could you state your name for the record as well?

> MR. HIRSH: Donnell Hirsh.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you.

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MR. HIRSH: All right? I just found about this meeting last minute so I didn't really prepare a speech, but I would like to speak on behalf of my classmates and myself from the University, a lot of us would like to stay here in Scranton, but because of the city and the budget and the crises that we face here in Scranton a lot of the classmates that I am with during school the first response is that they all want to leave the city. They are going to graduate and leave the city. So my suggestion is that I actually took a look at the budget, I realized that it's not balanced. there is \$130 million in expenditures and from the last I looked I thought it was 68 million in revenue, so it's really not a budget and a balanced budget and I hope that you guys can vote and do the right thing and actually open a doorway for the students at the Universities to stay here and live in Scranton as opposed to just leave. now there are 20 people in my class, all in medical profession, and everybody has plans to leave Scranton once we graduate in two

years.

MR. ROGAN: Thank you. Anyone else?
We will take a five-minute break and then we
will resume with our regular meeting. This
caucus is adjourned.

<u>C E R T I F I C A T E</u>

I hereby certify that the proceedings and evidence are contained fully and accurately in the notes of testimony taken by me at the hearing of the above-captioned matter and that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the same to the best of my ability.

CATHENE S. NARDOZZI, RPR OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER