

SCRANTON CITY COUNCIL PUBLIC HEARING

IN RE: RESOLUTION NO. 56, 2014, A RESOLUTION ON THE CITY OF SCRANTON, LACKAWANNA COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA, ADOPTING A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.

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HELD:

Thursday, November 20, 2014

LOCATION:

Council Chambers

Scranton City Hall

340 North Washington Avenue

Scranton, Pennsylvania

CATHENE S. NARDOZZI, RPR - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

ROBERT MCGOFF, PRESIDENT

CITY OF SCRANTON COUNCIL:

PATRICK ROGAN, VICE-PRESIDENT

WAYNE EVANS

JOSEPH WECHSLER

WILLIAM GAUGHAN

LORI REED, CITY CLERK

KATHY CARRERA, ASSISTANT CITY CLERK

AMIL MINORA, SOLICITOR

MR. MCGOFF: I'd like to call this 1 2 public hearing to order. Roll call, please. 3 MS. CARRERA: Mr. Wechsler. 4 MR. WECHSLER: Here. 5 MS. CARRERA: Mr. Rogan. MR. ROGAN: Here. 6 MS. CARRERA: 7 Mr. Evans. 8 MR. EVANS: Here. MS. CARRERA: Mr. Gaughan. 9 MR. GAUGHAN: 10 Here. MS. CARRERA: Mr. McGoff. 11 12 MR. MCGOFF: Here. The purpose of 13 the said public hearing is to hear testimony 14 and discuss the following: RESOLUTION NO. 56, 2014, A RESOLUTION ON THE CITY OF 15 SCRANTON, LACKAWANNA COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA, 16 17 ADOPTING A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN. 18 I probably should turn the 19 microphone on. I would like to welcome 20 Cindy Campbell from DCED, Denise Prowell, 21 representing SAPA itself, and Don King, the 22 city planner, and also member of the SAPA 23 board, I believe. I believe that, Denise, 24 if you would like to begin.

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MR. PROWELL: I think I'd like to

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ask Cindy to begin just about the municipal planning agenda.

MR. MCGOFF: Thank you.

MS. CAMPBELL: Thank you for hearing Act 247, which is the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code governs land use in Pennsylvania. Act 67 and 68 amended Act 247 in 2000. Basically what Act 67 does is allow for intergovernmental cooperation and implementation agreements to be done among municipalities and it allows for designated growth areas, future growth areas, world resource areas, etcetera. Act 68, among other things, addresses the capability of development between one municipality and the other. It's purpose was basically for the preservation of historic preservation, resources, agriculture preservation, etcetera.

It requires that municipal plans or multi-municipal plans be consistent with county plans, but it is not the same as the county plan, it goes into -- a multi-municipal plan would go into much more detail than a county plan, which is very

general, for all the municipalities in the county. It does also allow for implementation agreements to implement a county or a multi-municipal comprehensive plan through updating of the zoning ordinances or subdivision and land development ordinances.

In my career at DCED, especially over the last maybe ten years, I have covered 15 counties in the northeast and at one point in time I had over 40 multi-municipal planning projects ongoing. It really took off after the Act 67 and 67 amendments to allow the development rights to be dealt with among many municipalities instead of just one single municipality, and especially for the designated growth areas to be able to grow and be the economic engines for the region, particularly the urban areas, and less sprawl for the suburb areas.

It's a very popular program in our department. The technical loan services has funded millions of dollars worth of projects over the last ten years or so and it does

require the plans to be updated every ten years, SAPA is into five years now so it will require an update in five more years, but the update is no where near as expensive as the original one because the original ones, you know, had a lot of municipalities that hadn't had their plans updated in, you know, 20 years or 30 years, so with the update it will not be as extensive and/or as expensive because the documentation and the information will not be as old.

But it's a great program, it's a great tool for municipalities to use to be an able to share the resources that's required by the MPC.

MR. KING: And I'll be brief, I know you want to take comments from the public, the SAPA plan is a comprehensive plan. The City's last adopted comprehensive plan was in 1993 so we are more than 20 years so it needs an update. This plan was done with ten other municipalities. I think it's good for the City of Scranton. We need a new comprehensive plans. We will move into hopefully implementation, which would be the

zoning ordinance is the main ordinance. The comprehensive plan itself carries no legal weight, it's a guidance or recommendation document. The zoning ordinance is really the ordinance that implements it. Each of the municipalities and one of the core principles of the plan was that each of the municipalities would stay autonomous when it comes to zoning so we'll still have our own zoning ordinance, we will adopt our own zoning ordinance that should be generally consistent with the comprehensive plan.

MS. CAMPBELL: One thing I that forget to mention, too, is that municipalities that participate in a multi-municipal comprehensive plan get priority consideration for funding for state grants through several municipalities. Some of the departments applications actually have a question on their application if they are part of a multi-planning effort and they get more points for that, so I just wanted to point that out.

MR. EVANS: Don, can I ask you a quick question, does that comprehensive plan

replace our 1993 plan if we adopt this?

MR. KING: Yes. This will be our newly adopted plan.

MR. EVANS: Okay. Great.

MS. PROWELL: You want me to go over those?

MR. KING: I'm good.

MS. PROWELL: I'll just go over briefly when a municipality in Pennsylvania does not enter a multi-municipal plan it has to abide by the Pennsylvania law that states that each and every community, whether urban or rural, must provide or zone for enough land for each and every type of land use, so with this kind plan you have each of the ten communities deciding what they want rather than what they are forced to do by the state usually, which was really forcing urbanization of rural areas, also.

So with this one all of the designated -- or most of the designated growth areas are the existing urban areas, the areas in the downtowns of the city and of the boroughs, and I could go over the growth areas, but I don't know if you want

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me to do that.

MR. KING: I mean, basically if you look at the land use plan in there it mirrors the way the city has developed. There is no radical changes in the ways of the designated commercial or residential areas, that mirrors basically what's on the ground now and I said, the zoning ordinance, which would go into a lot more detail, if you look at this the land plan is just kind of blobs. You know, this is a blob of residential here, a blob of commercial here, the zoning ordinance is what gets into the nitty gritty. These particular parcels are -- or these particular parcels are that. The comprehensive plan isn't that detailed, it's basically just a guide in this document.

MR. WECHSLER: What are the plans for updating the zoning ordinance?

MR. KING: We are working on an implementation plan that would, you know, once it's adopted that says that each municipality will within two years make sure that their zoning is consistent with this

plan so we look to begin, you know, next year looking at our zoning ordinance and making updates to it.

MR. WECHSLER: I know it's off topic a little bit, but what about the cell phone towers in the zoning, what are the current plans in the updates to that?

MR. KING: Cell towers we are looking at moving much quicker on. We have some feelers out to some law firms that deal specifically with those issues and we are trying to get some proposals on helping us redraft those. I mean, that's one area where we are very lacking in.

MR. ROGAN: I have a couple of questions, follow ups from what was brought up. The update that has to be done in five years, how is that complied and who has a say in how the update is --

MR. KING: I would imagine, you know, it would work the same way that the plan was put together. There is a committee with representatives from each of the municipalities. I mean, like Cindy said it's an update, it's not really a new plan.

You would like to see if there is areas that 1 2 develop differently in the plan that need to 3 be adjusted. You know, it would be done through the committee and would have to be 4 5 come back to each of the governing body for adoption the same as the initial plan has. 6 7 MR. ROGAN: And the committee, the 8 makeup of that, how many of the members of 9 the committee are from Scranton? 10 MR. KING: Two the way it is right 11 now. 12 Out of how many? MR. ROGAN: 13 MR. KING: I believe there is two 14 from each municipality. MR. ROGAN: So Scranton being the 15 16 largest municipality in the plan has the 17 same representatives as say South Abington? 18 MR. KING: Yes. 19 MS. PROWELL: It's done that way 20 usually because the plan isn't made through 21 voting, nobody gets voted down. All of the 22 communities create their own plans so it's 23 done through consensus rather than voting. 24 MR. ROGAN: If a consensus couldn't 25 be reached then it would be by vote; right?

MS. PROWELL: If consensus couldn't be reached then that would mean a community wasn't getting what it wants and that community might just elect to drop out instead of going forward.

MR. ROGAN: And my other question, and this is something that has been -- and this is our third time going though it so I don't want to belabor these points, the SAPA plan holds no legal weight, and that's been said many, many times, but you just mentioned that the zoning would be changed to reflect SAPA and the zoning does hold legal weight.

MR. KING: The zoning does hold weight, the zoning ordinance -- all zoning ordinances, even the one we have now, according to the state law has to be generally consistent with your comprehensive plan.

MR. ROGAN: So by adopting the comprehensive plan then the zoning which does hold legal weight would have to be?

MR. KING: Generally consistent with that plan.

MR. ROGAN: That's all. Thank you.

MR. MCGOFF: Mr. Evans?

MR. EVANS: Nothing.

MR. MCGOFF: Mr. Gaughan?

MR. GAUGHAN: No.

MR. MCGOFF: Just a general comment, we have gone through this, you know, a number of -- as Mr. Rogan said we have been here a number of times dealing with this plan and as we move forward I believe that regionalization is something that is becoming very popular and I would say almost necessary throughout the Commonwealth and I think at least in my estimation that SAPA represents a step forward toward greater regionalization, regionalization of other, you know, things that go on within the Commonwealth and go on within the city, and I see it as a benefit to the city.

Now, I know that there are probably some things that we may disagree with as we move along, but the last thing is that should this plan in some way become detrimental to the City of Scranton or to any of the entities that are part of this

regional plan that entity is able to remove itself from the plan; is that correct?

MR. KING: Certainly, yeah.

It's kind of -- especially for our area we got 10 or 11 municipalities that sit together and work and come up with something that they all agreed with. But, yes, the implementation agreement, which would come after this, you know, states that whenever a municipality feels it wishes to withdrawal from participation it can.

MR. MCGOFF: And what we are -- I should make that clear at least when we spoke before about this that tonight is really the adoption, we are voting on the adoption of the plan. The implementation of the plan would come at a later date.

MR. KING: Correct.

MR. MCGOFF: And some time, I assume, in 2015.

MS. PROWELL: Hopefully.

MR. KING: Yes.

MR. MCGOFF: We would actually implement this as part of it and become part of the implementation of the plan. Maybe

just one last question, going back to the update how would the funding of the update be handled? In other words, would it be on equal kind of sharing of the municipalities involved or --

MS. CAMPBELL: Well, the Department of Community and Economic Development has a problem that would -- it's 50/50 match program that would provide funding for any update. I believe SAPA used a formula initially based on population of land -- -

MR. KING: Population and size.

MS. CAMPBELL: Square mileage, yeah, I determined the amount each municipality would pay. I would imagine something like that would be done again for an update.
But, again, keep in mind, as Don said before, the update could be very minute if nothing much has changed, but we do have funding available for it whether it's, you know, through a consultant or through communities do it on their own, you know, the department would be sustained with financial with an update.

MR. MCGOFF: Thank you. Any other

questions?

MR. GAUGHAN: Yeah. First of all, I would just like to thank all of you for coming. I read through the plan the last time when you came and I just want to say that I realize how much hard work each one of you put into this plan and the cooperation that it took to get it done and I appreciate that, so thank you.

MR. ROGAN: I just have one follow-up from something that was mentioned, the funding is based on population and size, why isn't the representation on the board based on population and size?

MS. PROWELL: It was actually based on assessed value -- we did a formula on assessed value, population and land area, and as we had said, the representation on the committee is to make the plan is done through consensus and not voting and that's the way as I understand most groups do it because it has it be done through consensus so that each community gets what it wants from the plan.

MR. ROGAN: Well, if a dispute were

to arise though in the future, which can be possible, then Scranton could be on the short end of a vote if there were to be a vote.

MR. KING: Well, it's hard to answer that because through this whole process we never took a vote, and anything that any community asked for if someone said we would like this said about our community or that said about our community that was immediately put in the plan. From the very beginning everybody agreed that what the municipality wants it's their plan, that's what it should say about their municipality.

MR. GAUGHAN: And you represented Scranton on the --

MR. KING: Yes. And all of the meetings are open to the public so any number of people could attend and comment.

MR. GAUGHAN: From what I see, I mean, I think Scranton benefits greatly from this plan and I don't think the point of the meeting is who gets the most votes or whatever, it's like you said, consensus and collaboration among this region, which I

1 think will be helpful moving forward. 2 MR. KING: If it wasn't consensus we 3 wouldn't be sitting here because there 4 wouldn't have been a plan. 5 MR. GAUGHAN: Good point. MR. KING: I think the group would 6 7 have fell apart early. 8 MR. EVANS: One more follow up, if 9 somebody drops out, and I'm not suggesting we would drop out, is a contiguous 10 municipality law take effect is this? 11 12 MR. KING: Yeah. The state law 13 requires that the participating 14 municipalities be contiguous. MS. CAMPBELL: Or in the same school 15 16 district. 17 MR. KING: Or in the same school 18 district, but basically for us that means 19 contiguous. 20 MR. EVANS: If somebody dropped out, 21 I'm not sure if one would drop out it would 22 effect us, but that could happen I guess. 23 MR. KING: It could happen, we have 24 a couple of municipalities that are 25 contiguous to us, so if we weren't part of

it Dunmore couldn't be a part of it because they are kind of off on their own.

MR. EVANS: Yeah. Okay.

MR. MCGOFF: Anyone else? I should make note that the legislation for adoption it's not on the agenda, there will be a motion to take it from the table and it will be voted on in Seventh Order this evening.

MR. KING: Thank you.

MR. MCGOFF: And going with what Mr. Gaughan said I'd like to thank Cindy and Denise and Don for coming this evening and for this public hearing. Thank you. And if there is nothing else.

MR. ROGAN: Public comment.

MR. MCGOFF: Oh, I'm sorry, yes. There is no one on the sign-in sheet for public comment, if anyone would like to, please.

MR. SBARAGLIA: Andy Sbaraglia, citizen of Scranton. Fellow Scrantonians, the name expresses really what's happening to Scranton, we are being made a sap, and that's the whole idea of this plan. When this was brought up, oh, maybe two or three

years ago I said why can't we incorporate all of the valley communities to be part of this plan? Why they don't want this explains it. The burden of the financial will fall on the people of the Scranton. We don't need more financial responsibilities.

And another thing is what have we got in common with the Abingtons? Are we going to turn Scranton into a farm again? Is this what you want? There are farmland up there, that's what they are, they are farmers and you in turn want to shake hands with farmers. Where are our valley people, Dickson City and all of the places around us, Taylor, Moosic, Dunmore. Why can't we all be incorporated, but then we would water down the boat.

They explained to you the voting process, Scranton gets two votes. I don't know if they are considering Scranton and Dunmore as one or Dunmore gets two votes, but we got 20 votes against us just to start with.

Scranton's problem is taxation.

Nobody wants to come to Scranton because of

the taxes, and that's still a problem. You got to reach out your hand to our communities on each side of us, that's the only way Scranton could really survive. How many of the people in Scranton are going to be giving us that hundred and was it 56 dollars from up in the Abingtons and how many people were Taylor, Dickson City, Dunmore, Moosic, is going to be paying that money?

Our life blood is in the valley.

Why are you turning your backs on them?

This plan does nothing for Scranton other

than adding more costs. You didn't ask if

any of these paid, are they are volunteers

to the SAPA, the people that are running it

are they paying being paid from public money

some way or another?

MR. GAUGHAN: I believe it's volunteer.

MS. PROWELL: It's volunteer.

MR. GAUGHAN: It's all volunteer.

MR. SBARAGLIA: Well, that's good to finalize that, but the truth of the matter is it does nothing for Scranton, it really

doesn't. It's a great name, a great thing, but I know there must be hidden costs in there, grants. I guess grants, money flowing from different grand organizations. Somebody is going to make something out of this, but not to the general people of Scranton. They are not going nothing out of it except higher taxes. If you can tell me SAPA would take away the 19 percent tax hike maybe I would say, yeah, go with SAPA. Is it going too take away from our 19 percent tax hike or is it going to add to the next year's tax hike?

These are the things you got to look at, but our life blood is in the valley. I don't know how you can even think about reaching out to the Abingtons. They really don't do a darn thing for us. They want clean air up there and they got clean air up there, but the city in turn will not have that clean air. You got to look at things as they are.

Mr. McGoff, let us down a path to destruction and he is still going to lead us down the path of destruction. The more you

listen to him the more trouble we are going to have. If you go back to what was done all the way back to Fanucci, Gatelli and McGoff you will see that's where the trouble arised. Janet kept SAPA off the books. The reason why she realized that it wasn't good for the city. You in turn bring it back. I told you, you can't resurrect something that's not going to benefit the city, not have a law that's going to benefit a few individuals in the city with grants, and that's all this is going to do. Somebody is going to make a killing on this but it won't be the people of the Scranton. Thank you.

MR. MCGOFF: Anyone else?
Mr. Morgan?

MR. EVANS: Before Mr. Morgan gets up, my understanding is that all of the boroughs in this valley were invited to be part of SAPA and the Up Valley and MidValley communities elected not to be part of SAPA; is that correct?

MR. KING: Correct. Every, community in the county was invited.

MR. EVANS: Was invited, that's what

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I thought. Sorry.

MR. MCGOFF: Mr. Morgan?

MR. MORGAN: Well, good evening,

Council. It's no real secret that I think this is a great plan for the city, and I do respect Mr. Sbaraglia, I disagree with his opinion. I think for a long time the City of Scranton has been looking for a new way to go, and I think this is the way to go. It's just the beginning, but you know we need a new start and we need a new direction. You know, we have got a lot of industrial parks with a lot of vacant space, we could really use the jobs, we could really use the economic development.

I'm not going to argue that the point that a lot of the land outside of the city is farmland, but do we really want to build industrial parks out there and try to compete with them or do we want to try to get them to come into our community, spend their money, come to work here and help to really pick this city up?

Okay, now, we have got a Class 2A city, I don't know, I think that somebody

should be talking to our state representatives on our state senators since we are the only Class 2A city in the Commonwealth and see what kind of the funding can be developed and targeted to the city to increase the amount of employment opportunities here. I think this plan is the most wonderful thing that's happened to this city in so long that I don't ever remember an opportunity like this and I'm 55 years old.

And, you know, we are wondering why all of our children and grandchildren are gone, they are gone looking for opportunity, and this is one time when the council can take a vote. Hopefully all five council members will vote "yes". I know, Mr. Rogan, last week you said you were going to be opposed but, you know, sometimes you have to really be willing to take an opportunity when it shows itself. Nobody is perfect, but, you know, I don't know maybe,
Mr. Rogan, when you are an old man when your grand children and your great grandchildren live here and you will be able to enjoy

their company you would have voted "yes" today it would be been a great thing for you, but I know there is a lot of older people in this community that have lost their children and their grandchildren to opportunity else where, and I'd like to see everybody living outside of City of Scranton come here to work and spend their money and go to the mall and shop and, you know, help us to alleviate the tax rates we have here, and people come here and they don't want to drive from where they are coming from. want to come here, they rent an apartment and the next thing they buy a property. Everything starts somewhere and I just think it's time for this council, all five council members hopefully to vote "yes".

We have got a representative, we couldn't ask for a better representative than the one we have on that board. You couldn't put 20 people there with his knowledge and hope for anything better, and I just hope that you will agree. Thank you.

MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you.

MR. MCGOFF: Anyone else?

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MS. SCHUMACHER: Good evening,

Council. Marie Schumacher. I am here to encourage you to vote for the SAPA plan, I think it will promote economic development if what the rest of the things you are going to do tonight or in the coming weeks don't kill it even with SAPA, but I think it's the best shot we have and we certainly cannot afford another \$100,000 for our own plan so I think there is only one way to vote tonight and that's in favor of SAPA. Thank you.

MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you.

MR. UNGVARSKY: Good evening, City
Council. I'm Tom Ungvarsky and I think you
already know my feelings on it, SAPA. I
think had SAPA shown some support for the
City of Scranton this past year with all of
our problems I might be more receptive to
it. However, it seems like the only reason
they want Scranton in this plan is because
of our low income and their high income. It
will help them to secure more grants.
However, there is a drawback in the amount
of votes that they have compared to the

votes the City of Scranton would have on how to spend that money. They have been in operation for at least four years that I know of and I'd like to know of one business that they have sent down to the City of Scranton? If somebody knows, please tell me. There is no one looking to locate in the City of Scranton that they can recommend to come down here. I think you better take a good hard look at what the benefits are compared to what it's going to cost us. Thank you.

> MR. GAUGHAN: Thank you.

MR. MCGOFF: Anything from council? Again, thank you for your participation and public hearing is closed.

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<u>C E R T I F I C A T E</u>

I hereby certify that the proceedings and evidence are contained fully and accurately in the notes of testimony taken by me at the hearing of the above-captioned matter and that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the same to the best of my ability.

CATHENE S. NARDOZZI, RPR OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER