## SCRANTON CITY COUNCIL MEETING PUBLIC HEARING

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IN RE: FILE OF COUNCIL NO. 59 - 2011 ENTITLED THE ZONING ORDINANCE FOR THE CITY OF SCRANTON, BY AMENDING SECTION 306 TABLE OF PERMITTED USES BY DISTRICT; SECTION 307 B.4. TABLE OF LOT AND SETBACK REQUIREMENTS BY DISTRICT; 601.A.5. MIXED-USE ADAPTIVE REUSE; TABLE 6.1 OFF STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS; SECTION 602.E. LOCATION OF PARKING.

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HELD:

Thursday, January 12, 2012

## LOCATION:

Council Chambers

Scranton City Hall

340 North Washington Avenue

Scranton, Pennsylvania

CATHENE S. NARDOZZI, RPR

OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

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     CITY OF SCRANTON COUNCIL:
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     JANET EVANS, PRESIDENT
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     PAT ROGAN, VICE-PRESIDENT
     (Not present.)
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     ROBERT MCGOFF
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     FRANK JOYCE
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     (Not present.)
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     JOHN LOSCOMBE
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     NANCY KRAKE, CITY CLERK
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     CATHY CARRERA, ASSISTANT CITY CLERK
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     BOYD HUGHES, SOLICITOR
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     (Not present.)
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MS. EVANS: I'd like to call this 1 2 public hearing to order. Roll call, please. 3 MS. CARRERA: Mr. McGoff. 4 MR. MCGOFF: Here. 5 MS. CARRERA: Mr. Rogan. Mr. Loscombe. 6 7 MR. LOSCOMBE: Here. 8 MS. CARRERA: Mr. Joyce. Mrs. 9 Evans. 10 MS. EVANS: Here. Notice of public 11 hearing is hereby given that Scranton City 12 Council will hold a public hearing on 13 Thursday, January 12, 2012, at 6:00 p.m. in 14 council chambers, second floor municipal building, 340 North Washington Avenue, 15 16 Scranton, Pennsylvania. The purpose of said 17 public hearing is to hear testimony and 18 discuss the following: 19 FILE OF COUNCIL NO. 59 2011, 20 AMENDING THE FILE OF COUNCIL NO. 74, 1993, 21 AS AMENDED, ENTITLED "THE ZONING ORDINANCE FOR THE CITY OF SCRANTON" BY AMENDING 22 SECTION 306 TABLE OF PERMITTED USES BY 23 24 DISTRICT: SECTION 307 B.4. TABLE OF LOT AND 25 SETBACK REQUIREMENTS BY DISTRICT; 601.A.5.

MIXED-USE ADAPTIVE REUSE; TABLE 6.1 OFF
STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS; SECTION 602.E.
LOCATION OF PARKING.

Our first speaker is Dan Hubbard.

MR. HUBBARD: Good evening, Council.

Daniel Hubbard. I appreciate you guys
tabling this in the past. It did help. A
lot of the residents did get together and
discuss a lot of the ordinances ourselves
and then we did have a meeting with
Mr. Cordaro and another representative of
his company last Sunday at the Lace Works to
go over a lot of the projects.

Initially our concerns with the project from the get-go were really based on the dormitory part, college dormitory part to allow that as a permitted use.

Mr. Cordaro and Mr. Braddock on Sunday did indicate to us that any college dormitory-style housing that would be in there would probably be engineered towards the medical school with the possibility of a culinary school coming in there, which was another part of the legislation that had allowed a school to be permitted use, so we

they did inform us that it would be something -- the dormitory part would be if done in that phase would be geared towards graduate students and the medical school, so the residents really didn't have an objection to that after we talked to them about that. The legislation. The other -- obviously, I just touched on the school, we talked about the culinary school.

The tavern part of the legislation was another hot spot that kind of jumped out of the neighborhood simply because Scranton doesn't really need another bar. I don't think any neighborhood in the city needs another bar, but we were assured by the gentlemen that this was going be part of a restaurant that would be affiliated with possibly the culinary school and that it would not be a stand alone tavern.

So that based on that we really -neither I nor any of the other residents
would have an objection to a restaurant with
a liquor license, certainly just did not
want another stand-alone bar in the

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neighborhood because we do have within two or three blocks of this facility there is about five bars already, so it wasn't -- that wasn't a concern.

Parking, the off-street parking was a concern, but that was addressed. Originally we were going to ask based on probably an older zoning map that was looked at to have the 1400 block of Albright and Gardner Avenue, the east side of Gardner and the west side of Albright to be rezoned because that was in the old map listed as an IL to help mitigate any of the off-street parking problems that would be coming into the residential area, because the request that they are asking for is to extend that 700 feet from the entrance of the building but within the IL. Today when we did get here they showed me an updated map that indicates that those two blocks are already considered -- zoned an R-2, so we don't have any concern with that because that's outside of the IL.

What homes are left in the IL on the 1500 block of Albright and/or Gardner really

come -- total up to I think about five homes total spread over two full blocks, so really it's not a problem for them. Those homes are right next to the commercial facilities already. They already have their driveways and parking like that and that's really one block closer to Greenridge Street and it wouldn't be something that I would think would be problem concerning this project.

They did show us that they do have a significant amount of off-street parking just, you know, as a neighborhood you would be concerned. You know, people -- Greenridge we are fortunate. We have a healthy amount of off-street -- on-street parking in front of our homes without passers or crowds and putting garbage cans out to reserve spots and things like that, so the residents were concerned about that.

They were really our only concerns with this legislation. The project as put forward is I think a good project for the city, for the particular building. My only concern is, and I did voice this on Sunday, is that type of nonspecified use opened

ended legislation can lead to problems. It can lead to problems down the road. We are very well aware of other areas in the city that have had problems due to open-ended zoning changes that were just left suited for one project.

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I understand that this be would be citywide, that this could possibly foster the use of other facilities in the city to change and that's a positive thing for the city, but again, I do have reservations on open ended unspecified use legislation in the city. So I just hope that we can get some of the things that we discussed on the record today that these guys have agreed to, the nonstanding tavern, things like that, to help at least give us a basis to go forward with this, but otherwise I would say all of the residents we have talked to that either attended the meeting were all in favor of this. We would also like to see something to be done with that building.

Any help the city can help these guys with the surrounding facilities that are in let's say not so good shape, falling

down, collapsing buildings to help mitigate some more of the problems in the neighborhood with those that are adjacent to their property certainly would help and clean up the neighborhood itself and move this project forward and make this project look more presentable too clients and keep what they are going to try to get in there so anything we can do to help clean up the neighborhood and get it looking good so that their project can be successful certainly we would appreciate the city on that end of it and we can discuss what specific addresses and buildings we are talking about surrounding their property that have seen to have fallen onto blind eyes over the last six or seven years.

So, yeah, I personally have no objection to the project, I just have some reservation on the legislation, and we did address any concerns we had so no objections here.

> MS. EVANS: Thank you, Mr. Hubbard.

> MR. LOSCOMBE: Thank you very much.

MS. EVANS: Is there anyone else who

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cares to address council?

MS. SCHUMACHER: I believe I signed in, didn't I?

MS. EVANS: You may have signed the wrong list. Yes, the other list.

MS. SCHUMACHER: Marie Schumacher. I share -- as a matter of fact, if I may give you these. This is the -- I believe the adaptive reuse program pretty much started in Los Angeles and you will notice they are very specific as to the areas that are covered and I think that's what's missing from our -- the ordinance that we have here that it can be any place. other thing I think there should be the percent of the existing building that the may be demolished, not let one thing standing and change the entire footprint. think the building should have to be used as is to maintain the architectural value.

And I would like to know what the -the minimum size of apartments stays the
same as the rest of the ordinance for the
rest of the city -- or the rest of the
project or are they changed as well? Do you

1 know the answer to that? 2 MS. EVANS: I don't have any answer, 3 but I believe that either Don King or perhaps one of the gentlemen who are in 4 5 attendance this evening can speak to your 6 questions. MS. SCHUMACHER: The minimum size? 7 8 MR. KING: There is no change. 9 MS. SCHUMACHER: No change in the rest of --10 11 MR. KING: That's not mentioned in 12 here so it would still come unless it's --13 MS. SCHUMACHER: Well, as I say, I 14 would like see the areas of the city to which this applies very specifically stated 15 16 in the ordinance and the percent of any 17 building that might be demolished to qualify 18 even within those, so thank you very much. 19 MS. EVANS: Thank you. Is there 20 anyone else who could like to address 21 council? 22 MR. JONES: If I can just for 23 purposes of the record, I'm attorney William 24 Jones and I'm representing the developer on 25 the project. We appreciate all of the

community support as well as the support
from the Lackawanna County Regional Planning
Commission and the Scranton Planning
Commission as well as city council offering
us the opportunity to first present this
plan at the caucus roughly a month ago.

With regard to that, I have several items numbered one through seven that I would like the stenographer to enter into the record. Just by way of background for the rest of the audience, the Scranton Lace Building has had a long and I would hope a continuous prosperous history for Scranton. It has 600,000 square feet. There is approximately 11 acres of ground. Our first phase deals with the apartments, and we have art(ch) space coming in with approximately 35 residential units and we'll have 40 residential units.

With regard to the structure itself, in February we have already made application it's going to be placed on the national registry. That preserves the history and it also deals with the last speaker's concerns with regard to demolition. Obviously with

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regard to demolition our plans would have to comply with what is on the registry and, obviously, what functions and makes this city more attractive building, so at least with regard to this particular building that would be in there.

We do believe that this will be a vibrant addition to the neighborhood. know that council supports the strengthening of the neighborhoods. We will provide that residential component in this area. is some blight that's around, one of the speakers talked to it and hopefully we will get this building that has been empty for several decades up and in a prosperous use. There are very vibrant neighborhoods in this area and the city has just finished a rather large flood control project with walking trails that terminate down in this area and that can all be used with regard to this particular component.

The terms of the ordinance are very specific and we have gone through this process to provide for the protection of the public. I do have, if I can with the

indulgence of council, a principal of the firms that deals with the adaptive reuses. They are taking existing uses for old industrial sites, and what I think is important to note is the comprehensive plan for the City of Scranton, particularly for the IL district, comes back with that we should try to get conversions to the types of dwellings and apartments that we are placing in there, so I think that this fits the purposes of your comprehensive plan as well as the Municipalities Planning Code and your own ordinance, that's why we have always treated this application under

 $\label{eq:constantine} If \ I \ can, \ Mr. \ Constantine \ can \ come$   $\ up \ and \ provide \ some \ of \ the \ specifies \ for$   $\ council. \ Thank \ you.$ 

MS. EVANS: Thank you.

Section 108 of the City of Scranton

given by the council in that area.

ordinance as coming from the planning

commission to the council. Obviously, we

appreciate all of the support that has been

MR. CONSTANTINE: Thank you. What we provided for you is a couple of pieces of

information, including a planning report for proposed zoning amendments related to the IL light industrial in your package prepared by me and my office dated November 16, and I'm just going to quickly go over some of the highlights in that context, and this goes through how a new zoning category only permitted in the IL light industrial zone, it's called mixed use adapted reuse would relate to the Pennsylvania Municipal Planning Code as well as the community development with respect to the City of Scranton master plan.

I'm going to probably just skip
through the first section. What we provided
an overview of how mixed use, adaptive reuse
fits in the context of what's a happening in
term of national, regional and state smart
growth, sustainable historic preservation
movements. Scranton is not the only city in
the country, in the region, actually in the
world that's faced with trying to deal with
older industrial areas because the
industrial vocational patterns have changed.

In fact, there was an article on the

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front page of today's Wall Street Journal that even referenced in 1950 one out of three jobs in America were in industry, today it's less than one in ten so that's a reflection of the fact that industry first regionally then around the world.

And the challenge communities face is what do you do when these larger buildings that were built for another purpose and another time, decades ago, and so that's really the challenge in terms of how you adaptively reuse this, how do we (ch) it way, and I do want to point out that there were two articles that we provided that give a little context of this. One is titled "Recycling Old Warehouses." from the Urban Land Institute and it goes through a number of different uses and one of the specifics in here is the source of the arts, space use that we are actually proposing here. It's highlighted in a number of them and there is another article we provided from the daily green which is called, "When thinking inside the box makes sense," and it really talked from a historic

preservation perspective about the need to use these older building. Preservation is, in fact, a sustainable movement and the lead movement have picked up on the theme that the greenest building is one that already exists, so the question is what do we need to do to allow that to occur.

And one last thing, one of the biggest constraints has been identified in all of these state and national movements trying to promote better forms of growth and smart growth is overcoming zoning code and other restrictions to reusing them.

So as far as how this proposed zoning amendment relates to the Municipality Planning Code, the MCP basically gives us an intended purpose to encourage the revitalization of urban centers. This will do that.

Also to encourage the preservation of historic resources through rezoning this will do that. It also tries to promote the conservation of energy through the use of planning practices. There is a lot of energy that's already contained within the

bricks and the steel and everything that's in that building. I'm not going to go into others, but I have a number of other points that the Municipalities Planning Code would support with this rezoning that are also in the report.

The Municipalities Planning Code also encourages innovation, promotion of flexibility, the promotion of the local economy and the promotion of ingenuity in development, and I think what you have before you would meet all of those as well as promoting and preserving areas of historic significance.

So lastly, the Municipalities

Planning Code suggests that we should design zoning provisions to achieve purposes including the prevention of blight. Well, you know, specifically the threat of blight resulting from a large vacant warehouse building in this particular case would be effectively eliminated, so all of these provisions in the Municipalities Planning Code basically give you the policy that -- the policy framework in which to look at

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Now, the important piece is

providing the consistency with a local master plan and that's also required in the

Municipalities Planning Code. The master

plan is your blueprint for change. I'm just

going to quote one thing out of it because

it sets the tone, "Change is in inevitable.

Conditions change, people change, Scranton

The secret to a successful changes.

community is to manage change. If change is

controlled and managed wisely, the city

grows and prospers."

That's out of the master plan.

here are a couple of things the master plan

suggests that relates to what's proposed

here tonight. First, it's suggested that we

use the zoning ordinance and develop it in a

accordance with a land use component of the

In the land use component, we master plan.

have provided 12 different points that this

would be supportive of. I'm just going to

give you one. In light industrial districts

provide for conversions of historic

industrial buildings into apartments if

adjacent to a residential area. This is obviously one of the things that is consistent here.

Under the Economic Development and
Tourism section of your city master plan,
I'm going to give you three -- just three of
the points that this would enact. One is
work aggressively to reuse the large number
of vacant and under utilized industrial
buildings available for sale or lease
throughout the city. Reuse of available
space represents a major challenge to the
city's economy. Obvious.

Two, target selected older industrial buildings in key locations for renovations.

The third one to direct business activity to business areas to assure the fullest use of existing older commercial buildings, so the master plan is suggesting and directing that you do this.

There is eight other points out of
the economic development and tourism section
I'm not going to read from them, but they
are in front of you, one of which also

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encourages the development of various types much business incubators and under the tourism section of the master plan it suggestions that efforts should be made to work with developers to consider establishing an arts incubator, that's in quotes in the master plan, to encourage artists to locate within Scranton. The facility could include a building that allows people to watch artists create new work within separate work areas. An art's incubator could offer opportunities for artists to sell their work directly to Obviously, that's something that customers. we envision happening here is artist space in the early phase.

And then lastly under the historic preservation section of your master plan there are two points that just are obviously important. To direct business activity to business areas to ensure the fullest use of existing older commercial buildings; and two, to recognize and encourage the recreation and preservation of the city's important historic and architecturally

significant buildings and sites.

So if you go and look at both of Municipalities Planning Code and then onto the consistency with the master plan, this zone changes meets the tests of the Municipalities Planning Code. It's obviously highly consistent, in my opinion, with the city's master plan, and also more importantly, it's not inconsistent with any of the goal or intent of the Municipalities Planning Code or anything that's contained within the city's master plan, so not only does it move it forward, it's not contrary with anything that exists there today. That's just an overview. Thank you.

MS. EVANS: Thank you,

Mr. Constantine.

MR. SBARAGLIA: Andy Sbaraglia, citizen of Scranton. I was listening to -- that they were saying about that building I think he said seven decades, was I right or wrong?

MR. JONES: The building itself?

MR. SBARAGLIA: Yeah, vacant.

MR. JONES: Oh, no, several.

MR. SBARAGLIA: Several decades. 1 2 MR. JONES: It's probably in excess 3 of ten years. MR. SBARAGLIA: 4 Three or four, 5 because I knew parts of that building -- I took care of the elevators in there, so I 6 7 know the building, I have been through it 8 all, okay? I know parts of it was being 9 used as a warehouse, warehousing. So 10 something ought to be done with the 11 building, but we got have the truth to develop what they want to do. 12 13 Now, we know the building was being 14 used as part of a warehouse, maybe even still being used as part of the warehouse. 15 16 Is part of that building being used as a 17 warehouse? 18 MR. CORDARO: Currently, no. THE COURT: What was the last time 19 it was used? 20 21 MR. CORDARO: 2006. MR. SBARAGLIA: Okay, so that's how 22 23 long it has been there, okay? So it's 24 truly if you want to use several I guess it 25 falls within that piece of -- you know, that

time period, but really it is a beautiful building, something should be done with it. Like I said, I worked in it, I know back and forth because I took care of all of the elevators, but I just wanted to remember that it hasn't been just sitting there all them years, okay, it has been used as a warehouse, so you do know that, but that doesn't really come up where it is now.

I'm not in that neighborhood. don't live in that neighborhood. I know the building was flooded since they built the dike and it probably has a good protection, but like I said before, you got to start with the truth as much as you can. You and I know that we are taking a good piece of that action down there and we are getting very little in return unless we are going to get a good tax base. That's what the whole thing is. If you are going to spend \$3 million as a grant let's get something back. This is what you got to do. You got to look at the tax records down there and see what's going object and the tax rolls for. I don't want another deal like the mall for

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\$400,000. This has got to stop. why we are in trouble today. People got to look at what they are doing and look at all aspects of it. Otherwise, you are not really getting any kind of a deal. is getting rich, but the residents are getting poor. Thank you.

Thank you, Mr. Sbaraglia. Is there anyone else?

MS. EVANS:

MR. QUINN: Ozzie Quinn, Taxpayers' Association. I understand that you mentioned that you spoke with the neighborhood representative?

MR. JONES: Yes, we did.

Mr. Hubbard spoke in support of the project earlier for the public hearing this evening.

MR. QUINN: What was -- you mentioned Barbara Maranucci.

MR. JONES: Barbara Maranucci, the group they were approached prior to that and they were in support of it. I understand that this is -- if I may approach? There are two different neighborhood groups down there, the principal over time has dealt with Mrs. Maranucci's group and then met and

spent extensive time with Mr. Hubbard's groups and we are very appreciative of their testimony this evening in support of the project.

MR. QUINN: Okay. I know that the Park Place Neighborhood Association is on the other side of the river, she doesn't has no control in regard to the Lace Works per se.

Now, I worked the flood in 1996 down there and they formed a project area committee and at that time there was Charles Richter, he was relocated out of there, and they do have another representative that lives on East Market Street and I just -- I know that they met several times at the old St. Joseph's Lithuanian Church and I think it would prudent if you spoke with those people, okay?

They are the people who live right next to door to that place and I doubt if that's been vacant a decade because I know my wife has done some shopping down there and buying lace curtains and lace table spreads and everything, so I question that,

too.

So we all know and all do respect
Barbara Maranucci is a Mayor Doherty big
contributor, was appointed by Mayor Doherty,
her brother is the president of the
Recreation Committee, and this sort of
taints that, okay, in all due respect to
that, okay, so I think that they actually
should have a neighborhood meeting being
that I was involved in the organization.
Thank you.

MR. JONES: Thank you very much.

Just to reiterate, we did meet with the affected group at our facility on Sunday and some of the neighbors that live right there next to it participated in it. And as we go forward with the -- as we go forward with the project it's the developer's position that we are going to coordinate activities, construction activities, someone came up with that, that's why they are spending a substantial sum of money to reinvigorate that particular building, and hopefully we will have an asset for the City of Scranton we can all be proud of.

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MS. EVANS: Thank you.

MR. MORGAN: Good evening, Council.

MS. EVANS: Good evening.

MR. MORGAN: Well, once again I'm probably going to go against everybody else in this room today, but I think this project is a waste of money, state money. I don't think it should ever -- should have been We are throwing \$4 million -- well, funded. probably plus \$4 million away. We have got multiple empty apartment units scattered throughout the whole city. The only real purpose this building could have served for the City of Scranton would have been a light industrial development. We don't need any more museums, we don't need more nonprofits, Mrs. Evans, we have stood here and listened to council talked about how the city is being overrun by nonprofits. I don't know if it's still in the plan to put a gym in that building or not, but I did look at the project because Mr. Joyce had spoken about it numerous times and I did go in and got the packet off of Mrs. Krake.

I think we need to move in a new

direction and I think that as we continue to throw millions of dollars around this city we fail to realize that we can't rent the properties that are already vacant, and I just think when we keep coming to the public trough for millions of dollars, regardless of the project, with no industrial development, no light manufacturing, this is a nation that needs job. I just hope that if it's possible for this council to vote against this project it would do it.

I have been in that building, I've been from the kitchens and the bowling alley all the way down to the basement, I have been throughout that whole building. There probably isn't another building like that in this city with the ability to hold the amount of the weight those floors are designed to hold.

Now, I know they took all the machines or allegedly most of the machines out of there for scrap, but I just think that we have North Scranton Junior High School that's still sitting up there vacant, we have multiple project across the city are

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that we are a city with the serious shortage of police officers and firemen because we can't fund their positions and as long as we keep using state money to destroy our infrastructure and keep playing these silly games with money, we have got residents of this city down in front of the county commissioners asking them to reopen the budget, we have had our own budget problems here and I don't see how one city councilman or the mayor I am himself can say that spending \$4 million in grant money at the former Scranton Lace building is a good project.

This community needs a council and mayor who understands that the real problems of this city are a lack of jobs. We have--look at the Connell building, look at all of the apartments we are converting and our neighborhoods are falling apart. We had a police officer chased down the street with a baseball bat the other day. I mean, where are our priorities at? We need to start worrying about the average resident of this

city, okay. We have listened a lot of these -- all of this development that's coming our way, we need jobs here. The mall is collapsing, we need a change direction and the Scranton Lace project is the wrong project. I have read it, I understand it, I have been in the building, I know the capabilities of the building.

Are some of the buildings run down and in need of either renovation or to be demolished? I don't know, but I'll tell you one thing we don't need more apartments and we don't need more nonprofits. I think we have plenty of both and a lack of a meaningful job market and a stable tax structure. Thank you.

MR. LOSCOMBE: Thank you.

MR. LUDWINSKY: Good evening,

Council and members of the community. My

name is John Ludwinsky and I'm a local

resident here. I have about a realtor,

commercial/ residential realtor in the City

of Scranton for almost seven years and when

I say full-time it is seven days a week. So

heard that this was going to be discussed

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this evening and I think that anything that could be done for blighted properties in the city is a major plus, especially a project of this magnitude.

As many of the residents here know, I mean, it doesn't matter where you live, North Scranton, South Scranton, East Mountain, Greenridge, foreclosures everywhere, boarded up condemned homes. No money, criminal activity, and I disagree with some of the members here because the rental demand in Scranton is very high. The Connell building, for instance, I'm pretty sure that they are at full capacity. is waiting lists for that. You know, but a historic structure like this if something doesn't do something with it it's going to lay vacant, abandoned, homeless, criminal activity like everybody knows with every other structure.

And I heard something mentioned about the grants, to me \$4 million of a grant is not a waste of money. And, excuse me, what's the total project cost going to be on this roughly?

MR. CORDARO: About 60 million.

MR. LUDWINSKY: About \$60 million, so if that miniscule \$4 million is not going to go to this massive project it will be spent, you know, somewhere else, and I just had to come here and voice my opinion from what I see and I think that this project would be a phenomenal opportunity not only for the city, for the whole community, the county, etcetera. Thank you.

MS. EVANS: Thank you.

MR. LOSCOMBE: Thank you.

MR. JACKOWITZ: Bill Jackowitz,

South Scranton resident and member of the Taxpayers' Association. I'm in favor of the project as long as the project is for real, and what I mean by that is the citizens and residents of Scranton we have burnt so many times. Look at the 500 block of Lackawanna Avenue, that was supposed to be -- that's 29 million, 30 million dollars worth of the taxpayers' money. Every one of those buildings is vacant. There is supposedly apartments, loft apartments in the 500 block of Lackawanna Avenue in those buildings.

They are vacant.

As far as the Connell building and some of the other buildings, yeah, those apartments are full and they will probably always remain because of the transfer of students coming in and out, okay, but the majority of the people who are living in those apartments down there are students and transients, people who come in for three years, four years, go to school, they are going to leave, and they are going to be replaced by other students. Because let's face it, there are no jobs in the City of Scranton.

And I agree with Mr. Morgan, I have been speaking about this for nine years about the lack of jobs, but more importantly the lack of the wages in the City of Scranton, okay, and until we get jobs that pay a liveable wage Scranton will remain distressed and always be a distressed city.

Now, I'm in favor of any project
that is going to enhance the City of
Scranton, going to enhance the beauty of the
City of Scranton and the appearance, going

to create jobs, but the jobs have to be jobs that pay a liveable wage. \$8 an hour jobs, \$9 an hour, hey, come one, people can't survive on that anymore. So I'm just hoping that this is a realistic project, I hope the people who are moving in here and the companies are going to come here are going to be committed to the City of Scranton and they are going to stay and they are going to pay their taxes, okay, because if they don't pay taxes all they are going to do is be like all of the other nonprofits and all of the other people who have coming in here and have lived off the back of the residents of the City of Scranton and the taxpayers.

So, like I said, I'm in favor of any project. I was in favor of the 500 block of Lackawanna Avenue, but look at it, it's vacant. There is nothing there. There is no jobs there, there is no people working there. Drive down there any time of the day you don't -- the sidewalks, check the sidewalks out. The sidewalks are already starting to deteriorate, so if it's a viable project, hey, go for it, but if it's not I

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just hope the citizens aren't being taken for a ride then.

MR. LOSCOMBE: Thank you.

MR. HUBBARD: If I might just touch on a couple points. Dan Hubbard. The residents of lower Greenridge that Mr. Ozzie Quinn is discussing, most of them, Richert doesn't live in the neighborhood, the other gentlemen he is talking about I don't know who they are. This predates -- well, it doesn't predate it, the guy was only in the neighborhood for about three years when the '96 flood hit so that group in general they were mainly over in the Nay Aug area behind the Giant, because if you remember the '96 flood that was the only part of lower Greenridge got hit. Our specific neighborhood, the 13 -- well, 14, 1500 blocks of Gardner and Albright did not get flooded in '96. That was the meeting they reserved to the area over behind Giant market.

As far as the residents that live right immediately adjacent to this building, the residents that live directly across the

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street from this facility were in attendance on Sunday and they were in attendance at my house at the previous meeting, and Mr. Carl Kupchunas who lives across the street he is here tonight as well, so there is a fairly good representation of the immediate residents that live adjacent to that structure. Let's face it, there is not a lot of houses around that particular building, but the neighborhood does abut against this. So the residents that are going to be directly effected by this have been brought up-to-date on this.

A couple of other points, North Scranton Junior High School was viable structure, a viable building that was removed from it's use as a school and sold to be converted to something else. building is empty. It has been empty and pretty much inactive other than thieves and robbers stealing copper since 2006. I drive by the building every day, I live a stone's throw from this facility. It has been quiet since 2006. The flooding in the building was really limited to any basement or

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subbasement areas, none of the first floor of the building, parts of the building were flooded because they are raised above. You go in the front door you have to walk up steps to get to the first floor of the building so they didn't take a significant hit in the flooding other in the basement areas. There was no structural damage done in the floods.

So everything that has been addressed with this is kind of -- the building is sitting empty and if this project for any reason doesn't happen and it falls through the building will continue to sit empty. So it's really -- it's not -it's no harm no foul here. If the project for some reason doesn't happen it's not going to change the status of the building. It's empty. Empty is empty. You can't get any more or less empty than it is, so as far as it being a manufacturing facility, by no stretch of the imagination would I ever want to have any type of manufacturing facility in my neighborhood. I'm sorry. Sure the area needs jobs, but lets face it, small

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manufacturing is far and few in-between in this area. What companies do work in manufacturing are not in the City of Scranton, they are in the Keystone Industrial Park, they are up in the Archbald Industry Parks. I have worked at machine shops in the city and they have left the city. The machine shop I worked for years has left the city, they are gone. There is a very limited in Dunmore. manufacturing base left in this country to begin with and I think it's ridiculous to take a facility like this and try to turn it back into a manufacturing facility when the tax base in Scranton, the tax setup in Scranton is not conducive to business right now, it's not just. I mean, between the business taxes, mercantile taxes, wage taxes, nobody is going to want to open up a manufacturing plant in Scranton. I mean, that's why they are all in Keystone Industrial Park. That's why most of the businesses in the Keystone Industrial Park are former businesses from within the City of Scranton.

So if this proposed use that these guys have will help turn this building into something that will be vibrant maybe ten years down the road it's still better than a building sitting empty, and if for any reason it doesn't happen, it's not changing anything in the neighborhood. It's empty.

So at least let's give these guys a chance to do something with the building because we can all say, "Let's turn it into a --" it's already zoned IL. If there was such a demand for manufacturing businesses in the city they would have already approached Mr. Cordaro about the building to put manufacturing in there. It's not happening. I mean, it hasn't been a real manufacturing facility since -- when was the last time they did any major manufacturing in there?

MR. CORDARO: The mid 90's.

MR. HUBBARD: The mid 90's. And there -- are the equipment is gone, the rooms are -- from what I was told there is only a few looms left in the building and they are going to be used as museum pieces

for the Lackawanna Valley Heritage Group.

So, you know, to me, I think that if we can put something in there that's going to be better than empty that we should try to at least encourage this. I don't necessarily agree with everything being funded by the public funds, but this is a good use for grant money if it can happen, and if it doesn't it doesn't change the neighborhood.

And to compare grant money going to this project to something that can be used towards police and fire protection in the city is ridiculous because we know that the grant money for police and fire protection is there, the city is just choosing not to use it. So to say that this is going to take away from our public safety by giving them -- by them getting a grant to get this project off the ground is false. We all know that is patently false because the money for the grant money to use for public safety is there, it's just not being used.

So I don't want the public to be thinking that this project is going to be taking money away from public safety when

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it's not. It's not. And to say that public safety is effected by grant money going to these guys and not to public safety, that's not right to say that either. It's really not.

And if it could -- if manufacturing is going to be something viable in there I honestly think that structure like this would have been a viable manufacturing facility and would have continued to be a viable manufacturing facility if we had that type of a business base in this city, and we don't, and every year this country losses more and more and more manufacturing jobs overseas. Just recently they started to bring stuff back into this country, but it's going to be a long time and certainly not in my lifetime and probably not in my son's lifetime that we will ever see this country be the manufacturing giant that it used to be because when it really comes down to it we can't compete with Mexico, China and any other country overseas.

So this to me is a better direction than the direction the building is going in

now, which is no direction, and I certainly would like to see this project at least get off the ground.

MS. EVANS: Thank you. Is there anyone else who would like to address council?

MR. ELLMAN: Well, as council knows I like to speak for the little people in town, the few taxpayers that are left. We are just fed up with the rich getting richer on grants and loans and loopholes in the tax laws. It's just -- if these people can't get their funding and pay taxes I just don't see where in the world we need them any longer. It's time to put your foot down and draw a line in the sand for God's sake.

We got the Goodwill, they had good intentions, it's ten or 12 years it's sitting there. Paul Mansour got money for the Woolworth house that's never been touched. You got a 150 houses out on Keyser Avenue they got everything that I don't and they don't pay taxes. They got a school across the street, and it's just they are there because of a loophole. It's just time

to quit. Like I said, you people want something, pay taxes and build it with other money besides state grants and loans. Enough is enough of this. Our taxes are a third higher than they should be because of the University of Scranton and others and we need tax money, we don't need promises no more.

MS. EVANS: Is there anyone else? thank all of you for your participation this This meeting is adjourned. evening.

## <u>C E R T I F I C A T E</u>

I hereby certify that the proceedings and evidence are contained fully and accurately in the notes of testimony taken by me at the hearing of the above-captioned matter and that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the same to the best of my ability.

CATHENE S. NARDOZZI, RPR OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER